UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-KSB

\boxtimes ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURI	TIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended J	une 30, 2008
☐ TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXC	HANGE ACT
For the transition period from:	to
Commission file number	: <u>0-28353</u>
INTEGRAL TECHNO	OLOGIES, INC.
(Name of small business issuer as	specified in its charter)
Nevada	98-0163519
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)
805 W. Orchard Drive, Suite 7, Bellingham, Washington (Address of principal executive offices)	98225 (Zip Code)
Issuer's telephone number: (360) 752-1982	
Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None	
Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock	<u>2</u>
Check whether the issuer is not required to file reports pursuant to Sec	etion 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act. \Box
Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by S (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square	
Check if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in response to It disclosure will be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive III of this Form 10-KSB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB. \Box	
Check whether the issuer is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2	of the Exchange Act). Yes □ No 🗵
State issuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year. <u>\$-0-</u> .	
As of September 15, 2008, the aggregate market value of the voting Common Stock, was approximately \$30.5 million based on an average of the Stock on such date.	
The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's Common Stock, \$.0	01 par value, as of September 15, 2008 was 45,754,969 shares.
DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE: None.	
Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes □;	No ⊠

PART I

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT IDENTIFYING IMPORTANT FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE THE COMPANY'S ACTUAL RESULTS TO DIFFER FROM THOSE PROJECTED IN FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

Readers of this document and any document incorporated by reference herein, are advised that this document and documents incorporated by reference into this document contain both statements of historical facts and forward looking statements. Forward looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially for those indicated by the forward looking statements. Examples of forward looking statements include, but are not limited to (i) projections of revenues, income or loss, earning or loss per share, capital expenditures, dividends, capital structure and other financial items, (ii) statements of the plans and objectives of Integral Technologies, Inc. or our management or Board of Directors, including the introduction of new products, or estimates or predictions of actions by customers, suppliers, competitors or regulatory authorities, (iii) statements of future economic performance, and (iv) statements of assumptions underlying other statements and statements about our Company or our business.

This document and any documents incorporated by reference herein also identify important factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated by forward looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include price competition, the decisions of customers, the actions of competitors, the effects of government regulation, possible delays in the introduction of new products and services, customer acceptance of products and services, our ability to secure debt and/or equity financing on reasonable terms, and other factors which are described herein and/or in documents incorporated by reference herein.

The cautionary statements made above and elsewhere should not be construed as exhaustive or as any admission regarding the adequacy of disclosures made by us. Forward looking statements are beyond the ability of our Company to control and in many cases we cannot predict what factors would cause results to differ materially from those indicated by the forward looking statements.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT

Integral Technologies, Inc. ("Integral," the "Company" or the "Registrant") is a development stage company, incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on February 12, 1996. To date, we have expended resources on the research and development of several different types of technologies.

Presently, we are focusing substantially all of our resources on the researching, developing and commercializing of our ElectriPlastTM technology, which is comprised of over 100 applications. In addition, we apply a significant portion of our resources to the protection of our intellectual property through patent filings. To date, we have not realized any revenue from our efforts. We expect to derive future revenues from the sale of ElectriPlastTM materials and/or fees from licensing ElectriPlastTM technologies to third-party manufacturers.

TECHNOLOGIES

ElectriPlastTM

We have developed an innovative, electrically-conductive resin-based material called "ElectriPlastTM." The ElectriPlastTM polymer is a compounded formulation of resin-based materials, which are conductively loaded, or doped, with a proprietary-controlled, balanced concentration of micron conductive materials, then pelletized. The conductive loading or doping within this pellet is then homogenized using conventional molding techniques and conventional molding equipment. The end result is a product that can be molded into any of the infinite shapes and sizes associated with plastics and rubbers, and is non-corrosive, but which is as electrically conductive as if it were metal.

Various examples of applications for ElectriPlastTM are antennas, shielding, lighting circuitry, switch actuators, resistors, medical devices, thermal management and cable connector bodies, to name just a few. We have been working to introduce these new applications and the ElectriPlastTM technology on a global scale.

Patents/Trademarks on Technologies

Our intellectual property portfolio consists of over eleven years of accumulated research and design knowledge and trade secrets. We have sought U.S. patent protection for many of our ideas related to our ElectriPlastTM technologies. Currently, we have filed 119 U.S. patent applications, 39 of which have been issued, 2 of which have been allowed and are pending issuance, and 78 of which have been filed and are pending approval. No assurances can be given that all patent applications will be approved; however, to the extent that patents are not granted, we will continue to attempt to commercialize these technologies without the protection of patents. As patents are issued, we will have the exclusive right to use in the U.S. the design(s) described in each issued patent for the 18-year life of the patent.

Of the aforementioned 78 U.S. patent applications which have been filed, 28 have been rejected. Certain patent office applications have been rejected by the patent office due to more stringent requirements implemented by the patent office over 18 months ago. The company has elected not to appeal those patent application rejected as the contents of those rejected applications have been incorporated into subsequent applications.

Recent developments in the law increase the challenge of obtaining US patent protection. In particular, the Supreme Court's decision in $KSR \ v$. Teleflex (2007) makes it easier for the USPTO to sustain obviousness rejections. As a result, the USPTO is now more likely to reject applications by combining elements from the prior art – even where no motivation to combine can be shown in the art references. This new approach affects all applicants, including Integral Technologies, Inc., and has reduced the rate of patent issues. Nevertheless, we, continues to pursue intellectual property protection through its patent and trademark portfolio while constantly evaluating its filings to judiciously apply resources to the most critical technologies.

We have also filed trademark applications with the U.S. Trademark Office for "ElectriPlastTM" and related names such as "ElectriPonixTM" and "ElectriOnixTM.

Product Manufacturing and Distribution

We are not in the manufacturing business. Our manufacturing agreement with Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. provides for Jasper to manufacture ElectriPlastTM for us.

After twenty months of refining the manufacturing and molding process of ElectriPlastTM, the Jasper facility is now capable of producing over 50,000 pounds of ElectriPlastTM pellets per month. We have entered into patent license agreements with several companies, as summarized below, and we are in the process of producing prototypes of requested applications of ElectriPlastTM for these companies as well as other prospective customers.

In addition to its manufacturing capabilities, Jasper has a distribution network throughout the US and Canada, allowing for ElectriPlast $^{\text{TM}}$ to be introduced to prospective customers and delivered to customers.

We anticipate that our technologies will not be sold directly to the general public, but rather to businesses and manufacturers who will incorporate our technologies as components in the design of their products.

Barriers to Entry into Market Segment

We have been working to introduce the ElectriPlastTM technology as an alternative to metal for use as an electrically conductive material. The process of educating potential customers about ElectriPlastTM may prove time consuming and difficult.

SUMMARY OF AGREEMENTS

We are focusing our marketing efforts on securing licensing agreements for applications of our ElectriPlastTM technology. Our technologies will be marketed to manufactures of products which would benefit from the incorporation of any of the ElectriPlastTM applications into their products. Below is a summary of each of our commercial agreements concerning our ElectriPlastTM technology:

Patent License Agreement with Heatron, Inc.

In March 2006, we entered into a Patent License Agreement with Heatron, Inc. ("Heatron"), pursuant to which we granted to Heatron the rights to use our ElectriPlastTM technology for specific applications in the heating and LED lighting markets. Heatron, founded in 1977 and based in Leavenworth, Kansas, is an industry leader in heating element and thermal management designs and solutions.

We granted to Heatron a non-exclusive, non-sublicensable, non-assignable, worldwide license; however, Heatron's rights are exclusive for the initial two years. The agreement will terminate upon the expiration of the last patent licensed under the agreement, or earlier under certain circumstances.

Heatron paid to us a nominal up-front license fee of \$1.00. Any revenue to be generated by us under the agreement will be from raw materials fees. We have not yet derived revenues from this agreement.

Patent License Agreement with Jasper Rubber Products, Inc.

In August 2006, we entered into a Patent License Agreement with Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. ("Jasper"), pursuant to which we granted to Jasper the rights to use our ElectriPlastTM technology for specific applications within its customer base. Jasper, founded in 1949, and based in Jasper, Indiana, is an industry leader in innovative rubber and plastics development. Jasper manufactures a full range of molded, extruded, lathecut rubber and thermoplastic products for major appliance, oil filter, and automotive industries.

We granted to Jasper a non-exclusive, non-sublicensable, non-assignable, worldwide license. The agreement will terminate upon the expiration of the last patent licensed under the agreement, or earlier under certain circumstances.

Jasper paid to us a nominal up-front license fee of \$1.00. Any revenue to be generated by us under the agreement will be from raw materials fees. We have not yet derived revenues from this agreement.

Manufacturing Agreement with Jasper Rubber Products, Inc.

In November 2006, we entered into a Manufacturing Agreement with Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. ("Jasper"), pursuant to which Jasper shall manufacturer for us resin-based conductive, moldable capsules incorporating our ElectriPlastTM technology. The primary term of the agreement is five years, subject to automatic renewal or termination under certain conditions. Jasper agreed that during the term of the agreement and for a period of 12 months after its expiration or termination for any reason, Jasper will not directly or indirectly compete with us or our ElectriPlastTM technology.

In July 2007, we entered into an Amendment One to Manufacturing Agreement ("Amendment One") with Jasper. The primary purposes of the Amendment One were 1) to replace in its entirety Section 4 of the Manufacturing Agreement, concerning "Pricing, Invoicing and Payment" and 2) to authorize Jasper to sell, on our behalf, products incorporating our ElectriPlastTM technology. As revised by the Amendment One, Section 4 of the Manufacturing Agreement now reflects more definitive information concerning definitions and calculations of "hourly payment", "sales royalties", "gross margin", "manufacturing costs" and "payment terms". These revisions were mutually agreed upon following several months of production test-runs and cost evaluations.

Patent License Agreement with ADAC Plastics, Inc. d/b/a ADAC Automotive.

In November 2006, we entered into a Patent License Agreement with ADAC Plastics, Inc. d/b/a ADAC Automotive ("ADAC"), pursuant to which we granted to ADAC the rights to use our ElectriPlastTM technology for use in car antennas, cup holder heating elements, driver's seat heating elements and light-emitting diode (LED) packs manufactured and sold by specified customers of ADAC. ADAC is a full-service automotive supplier dedicated to the production of door handles and components, cowl vent grilles, exterior trim, and marker lighting. Founded in 1975 as ADAC Plastics, Inc., the Grand Rapids, Mich.-based company operates facilities in North America and the United Kingdom.

We granted to ADAC a non-exclusive, non-sublicensable, non-assignable, worldwide license. The agreement will terminate upon the expiration of the last patent licensed under the agreement, or earlier under certain circumstances.

ADAC paid to us a nominal up-front license fee of \$1.00. Any revenue to be generated by us under the agreement will be from raw materials fees. We have not yet derived revenues from this agreement.

Patent License Agreement with Esprit Solutions Limited

In December 2006, we entered into a Patent License Agreement with Esprit Solutions Limited ("Esprit"), pursuant to which we granted to Esprit the rights to use our ElectriPlast TM technology for the manufacture and sale of products to Esprit's customer base in the Aero/Defense Interconnection and Protective Components Industry. Esprit, based in the United Kingdom, specializes in high performance protective systems within the Aerospace and Defense markets.

We granted to Esprit a non-exclusive, non-sublicensable, non-assignable, worldwide license. The agreement will terminate upon the expiration of the last patent licensed under the agreement, or earlier under certain circumstances.

Esprit paid to us a nominal up-front license fee of \$1.00. Any revenue to be generated by us under the agreement will be from raw materials fees. We have not yet derived revenues from this agreement.

Patent License Agreement with Knowles Electronics, LLC

In January 2007, we entered into a Patent License Agreement with Knowles Electronics, LLC ("Knowles"), pursuant to which we granted to Knowles the rights to use our proprietary ElectriPlastTM technology for the manufacture and sale of EMF protected molded components. Knowles is the world's leading provider of microphones and receivers to the hearing health industry. They are credited with the miniaturization of the acoustic transducer, which has enabled the design and manufacture of smaller hearing aids.

We granted to Knowles a non-exclusive, non-sublicensable, non-assignable, worldwide license. The agreement will terminate upon the expiration of the last patent licensed under the agreement, or earlier under certain circumstances.

Knowles paid a nominal up-front fee of \$1.00 to Integral. Any revenue to be generated by us under the agreement will be from raw materials fees.

CES Innovations 2007 Design and Engineering Award

On November 8, 2006, we issued a press release to announce that our ElectriPlastTM technology has been selected as a recipient of a CES Innovations 2007 Design and Engineering Award in the Enabling Technologies product category. Presented by the Consumer Electronics Association (CEA) and the International Consumer Electronics Show (CES), the Innovations Awards recognize advancements in technology and engineering. This year, an independent panel of judges evaluated more than 1,000 entries from over 160 companies.

EMPLOYEES

We currently employ a total of 4 people on a full-time basis. However, we also rely on the expertise of several technical advisors who are consulted as needed on a part-time, contract basis.

SEC REPORTS AVAILABLE ON WEBSITE

The SEC maintains an Internet site (http://www.sec.gov) that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. Our Annual Reports on Form 10-KSB, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-QSB, Current Reports on Form 8-K and other SEC filings are available on the SEC's website or by visiting our company website at www.itkg.net.

RISK FACTORS

An investment in our common stock involves major risks. Before you invest in our common stock, you should be aware that there are various risks, including those described below. You should carefully consider these risk factors together with all of the other information included in this annual report on Form 10-KSB before you decide to purchase shares of our common stock.

Purchase of our stock is a highly speculative you could lose your entire investment. We have been operating at a loss since inception, and you cannot assume that our plans will either materialize or prove successful. In the event our plans are unsuccessful, you may lose all or a substantial part of your investment. The purchase of our stock must be considered a highly speculative investment.

We have incurred substantial losses from inception and we have never generate substantial revenues; failure to achieve profitability in the future would cause the market price for our common stock to decline significantly. We have generated net losses from inception and we have an accumulated deficit of approximately \$29.4 million as of June 30, 2008. We have never generated more than nominal revenues. If we don't achieve profitability, the market price for our common stock could decline significantly.

If we do not generate adequate revenues in our fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, we may need to raise capital to continue our operations. We estimate that we will require \$1.8 million to carry out our business plan during our fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. We had approximately \$1.1 million in cash on hand at June 30, 2008. Unless we generate adequate revenues from operations (we have had none to date) in the near future, we may require additional financing to carry out our business plans next year, and such financing may not be available at that time. If we require additional financing, we may seek additional funds through private placements that will be exempt from registration and will not require prior shareholder approval. If additional funds are raised by issuing common stock, or securities that are convertible into common stock (such as preferred stock, warrants, or convertible debentures), further dilution to shareholders could occur. Additionally, investors could be granted registration rights by us, which could result in market overhang and depress the market price of the common stock. If we fail to obtain sufficient additional financing, we will not be able to implement our business plans in a complete or timely manner.

If we are unable to compete effectively with our competitors, we will not be successful generating revenues or attaining profits. Our ability to generate revenues and achieve profitability is directly related to our ability to compete with our competitors. Most of the companies with which we compete and expect to compete have far greater capital resources and more significant research and development staffs, marketing and distribution programs and facilities, and many of them have substantially greater experience in the production and marketing of products. In each market, we face competition from companies with established technologies. Currently, we believe that we will be able to compete because of the relative performance, price and adaptability of our unique ElectriPlastTM technology. Our beliefs are based only on our research and development testing. If we are unable to compete effectively, we will not be successful in generating revenues or attaining profits.

Loss of key personnel could cause a major disruption in our day-to-day operations and we could lose our relationships with third-parties with whom we do business. Our future success depends in a significant part upon the continued service of certain key personnel. Competition for such personnel is intense, and to be successful we must retain our key personnel. The loss of key personnel or the inability to hire or retain qualified replacement personnel could have cause a major disruption in our operations and we could lose our relationships with third-parties with whom we do business, which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

If future market acceptance of our ElectriPlastTM technology is poor, we will not be able to generate adequate sales to achieve profitable operations. Our future is dependent upon the success of the current and future generations of our ElectriPlastTM technology. Our ElectriPlastTM technology will be marketed to manufacturers of products which would benefit from the incorporation of any of the ElectriPlastTM applications into their products. As of June 30, 2008, we have not generated any revenue from our ElectriPlastTM technology. If future market acceptance of our ElectriPlastTM technology is poor, we will not be able to generate adequate sales to achieve profitable operations.

Dependence on outside suppliers and manufacturers could disrupt our business if they fail to meet our expectations. Currently, we rely on outside suppliers and manufacturers to produce ElectriPlastTM for us. While we have entered into formal arrangements with outside suppliers and manufacturers for the production of ElectriPlastTM, if any of them should become too expensive or suffer from quality control problems or financial difficulties, we would have to find alternative sources, which could disrupt our business.

Our patent and other intellectual property rights may be are subject to uncertainty and may be challenged or circumvented by competitors. We rely on a combination of patents, patent applications, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets and confidentiality procedures to protect our intellectual property rights, which we believe will give us a competitive advantage over our competitors. We have sought U.S. patent protection for many of our ideas related to our ElectriPlastTM technologies. Currently, we have filed 119 U.S. patent applications, 39 of which have been issued, 2 of which have been allowed and are pending issuance, and 78 of which have been filed and are pending approval. No assurances can be given that all patent applications will be approved; however, to the extent that patents are not granted, we will continue to attempt to commercialize these technologies without the protection of patents. As patents are issued, we will have the exclusive right to use in the U.S. the design(s) described in each issued patent for the 18-year life of the patent.

Of the aforementioned 78 U.S. patent applications which have been filed, 19 have been rejected. Certain patent office applications have been rejected by the patent office due to more stringent requirements implemented by the patent office over 18 months ago. The company has elected not to appeal those patent application rejected as the contents of those rejected applications have been incorporated into subsequent applications.

As of September 15, 2008, we have filed 119 U.S. patent applications relating to our ElectriPlastTM technology, with 39 patents issued, 2 patents allowed and pending issuance, and 78 patents pending. Additional patents may not be issued from our pending applications, although we will continue to attempt to commercialize these technologies without the protection of patents. As patents are issued, we will have the exclusive right to use in the U.S. the design(s) described in each issued patent for the 18-year life of the patent. However, the issuance of a patent is not conclusive as to its validity or enforceability and, if a patent is issued, it is uncertain how much protection, if any, will be given to our patent if we attempt to enforce it. Litigation, which could be costly and time consuming, may be necessary to enforce our current patents or any patent issued in the future or to determine the scope and validity of the proprietary rights of third parties. A competitor may successfully challenge the validity or enforceability of a patent or challenge the extent of the patent's coverage. If the outcome of litigation is adverse to us, third parties may be able to use our patented technology without payment to us. Even if we are successful in defending such litigation, the cost of litigation to uphold the patent can be substantial.

It is possible that competitors may infringe upon our patents or successfully avoid them through design innovation. To stop these activities we may need to file a lawsuit. These lawsuits are expensive and would consume time and other resources. In addition, there is a risk that a court would decide that our patent is not valid, that we do not have the right to stop the other party from using the inventions, or that the competitor's activities do not infringe our patent.

Our competitive position is also dependent upon unpatented technology and trade secrets, which may be difficult to protect. Others may independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques that would legally circumvent our intellectual property rights.

The use of our technologies could potentially conflict with the rights of others. Our competitors, or others, may have or may acquire patent rights that they could enforce against us. If our products conflict with patent rights of others, third parties could bring legal actions against us or our suppliers or customers, claiming damages and seeking to enjoin manufacturing and marketing of the affected products. If these legal actions are successful, in addition to any potential liability for damages, we could be required to alter our products or obtain a license in order to continue to manufacture or market the affected products. We may not prevail in any legal action and a required license under the patent may not be available on acceptable terms or at all. The cost to us of any litigation or other proceeding relating to intellectual property rights, even if resolved in our favor, could be substantial.

Holders of preferred stock have rights that are senior to the rights of holders of common stock. Our Articles of Incorporation authorize the issuance of 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock. The preferred stock may be divided into one or more series. Our board of directors is authorized to determine the rights, provisions, privileges and restrictions and number of authorized shares of any series of preferred stock. Additionally, the preferred stock can have other rights, including voting and economic rights that are senior to the common stock. The issuance of preferred stock could adversely affect the market value of the common stock.

As of June 30, 2008, 1,000,000 shares of preferred stock have been designated as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock of which 308,538 are issued and outstanding, and held by two of our insiders. Each share of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock:

- has a stated value and liquidation preference of \$1.00;
- has a 5% annual dividend, payable in cash or shares of common stock;
- may be converted into shares of common stock (determined by dividing the number of shares of Series A being converted by the average of the high and low bid prices of our common stock reported by the OTC Bulletin Board over the ten trading days preceding the date of conversion);
- may be redeemed by us within one year after issue at \$1.50, after one year but less than two years at \$2.00, after two years but less than three years at \$2.50, after three years but less than four years at \$3.00, and after four years but less than five years at \$3.50:
- may be voted on all matters on an as-converted basis; and
- may be voted as a class on any merger, share exchange, recapitalization, dissolution, liquidation or change in control of our company.

How future issuances of common stock pursuant to our stock plans will affect you. We have two non-qualified stock plans in effect. As of June 30, 2008, approximately 1,044,500 shares are available under the plans for future issuance either directly or pursuant to options, to our officers, directors, employees and consultants. Also, as of June 30, 2008, approximately 1,720,000 shares are under option under the plans, at a weighted-average exercise price of approximately \$1.31 per share. In addition, pursuant to grants of options that were not under either of the formal non-qualified stock plans, 1,000,000 shares are under option by an employee at an exercise price of \$.50 per share, plus an additional 1,000,000 shares are under option by the same employee at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share. Additional stock or options to acquire our stock of can be granted at any time by our board of directors, usually without shareholder approval. When shares of common stock are issued directly or upon the exercise of options under these plans, your ownership may be diluted.

We do not expect to be able to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future, so you should not make an investment in our stock if you require dividend income. The payment of cash dividends, if any, in the future rests within the discretion of our board of directors and will depend, among other things, upon our earnings, our capital requirements and our financial condition, as well as other relevant factors. We have not paid or declared any cash dividends upon our common stock since our inception and by reason of our present financial status and our contemplated future financial requirements we do not contemplate or anticipate making any cash distributions upon our common stock in the foreseeable future.

We have a limited market for our common stock which causes the market price to be volatile and to usually decline when there is more selling than buying on any given day. Our common stock currently trades on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "ITKG." However, at most times in the past, our common stock has been thinly traded and the market price usually declines when there is more selling than buying on any given day. As a result, the market price has been volatile, and the market price may decline immediately if you decide to place an order to sell your shares.

The market price of our common stock is highly volatile and several factors that are beyond our control, including our common stock being historically thinly traded, could adversely affect its market price. Our common stock has been historically thinly traded and the market price has been highly volatile. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the closing bid price of our common stock has been quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board from as low as \$0.63 to as high as \$2.22. These quotations reflect interdealer prices without retail markup, markdown, or commission and may not represent actual transactions. For these and other reasons, our stock price is subject to significant volatility and will likely be adversely affected if our revenues or earnings (or lack of revenues or earnings) in any quarter fail to meet the investment community's expectations. Additionally, the market price of our common stock could be subject to significant fluctuations in response to:

- announcements of new products or sales offered by us or our competitors;
- actual or anticipated variations in quarterly operating results;
- changes in financial estimates by securities analysts, if any;
- changes in the market's perception of us or the nature of our business; and
- sales of our common stock.

Future sales of common stock into the public market place will increase the public float and may adversely affect the market price. As of June 30, 2008, approximately six million shares of common stock were available for sale by both affiliates (officers and directors) and non-affiliates under Rule 144 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. In general, under Rule 144, a person who has held stock for six months may, under certain circumstances, sell within any three-month period a number of shares which is not greater than one percent of the total number of shares of common stock (as of June 30, 2008, there were 45,704,969 shares of common stock outstanding, and one percent of the total number of shares outstanding equaled 457,049 shares). Under certain circumstances, the sale of shares which have been held for one year by a person who is not affiliated with us is also permitted without limitation under Rule 144. Future sales of common stock will increase the public float and may have an adverse effect on the market price of the common stock, which in turn could adversely affect our ability to obtain future funding as well as create a potential market overhang.

"Penny Stock" regulations may adversely affect your ability to resell your stock in market transactions. The SEC has adopted penny stock regulations which apply to securities traded over-the-counter. These regulations generally define penny stock to be any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or an equity security of an issuer with net tangible assets of less than \$5,000,000 as indicated in audited financial statements, if the corporation has been in continuous operations for less than three years. Subject to certain limited exceptions, the rules for any transaction involving a penny stock require the delivery, prior to the transaction, of a risk disclosure document prepared by the SEC that contains certain information describing the nature and level of risk associated with investments in the penny stock market. The broker-dealer also must disclose the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative and current quotations for the securities. Monthly account statements must be sent by the broker-dealer disclosing the estimated market value of each penny stock held in the account or indicating that the estimated market value cannot be determined because of the unavailability of firm quotes. In addition, the rules impose additional sales practice requirements on broker-dealers who sell such securities to persons other than established customers and institutional accredited investors (generally institutions with assets in excess of \$5,000,000). These practices require that, prior to the purchase, the broker-dealer determined that transactions in penny stocks were suitable for the purchaser and obtained the purchaser's written consent to the transaction.

Our common stock is currently subject to the penny stock regulations. Compliance with the penny stock regulations by broker-dealers will likely result in price fluctuations and the lack of a liquid market for the common stock, and may make it difficult for you to resell your stock in market transactions.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

We do not own any real property. We lease office space in Bellingham, Washington and Vancouver, B.C., Canada.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are no pending legal proceedings involving our Company.

SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

No matters were submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008.

PART II

MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Market Information

There is a limited public market for our common stock. Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol "ITKG." The following table sets forth the range of high and low bid quotations for our common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board for each quarter of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Quarter Ended	-	<u>.ow</u> Bid	<u>ligh</u> Bid
September 30, 2006	\$	2.25	\$ 4.15
December 31, 2006	\$	1.40	\$ 4.25
March 31, 2007	\$	2.00	\$ 3.81
June 30, 2007	\$	1.22	\$ 2.74
September 30, 2007	\$	1.22	\$ 2.22
December 31, 2007	\$	0.92	\$ 1.99
March 31, 2008	\$	0.73	\$ 1.19
June 30, 2008	\$	0.63	\$ 0.91

The source of this information is the OTC Bulletin Board and other quotation services. The quotations reflect inter-dealer prices, without retail markup, markdown or commission and may not represent actual transactions.

Holders

As of September 15, 2008 there were approximately 201 holders of record of our common stock (this number does not include beneficial owners who hold shares at broker/dealers in "street-name").

Dividends

To date, we have not paid any dividends on our common stock and do not expect to declare or pay any dividends on such common stock in the foreseeable future. Payment of any dividends will be dependent upon future earnings, if any, our financial condition, and other factors as deemed relevant by our Board of Directors.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

Information regarding the issuance and sales of securities without registration during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, has previously been included in Quarterly Reports on Forms 10-QSB and Current Reports on Form 8-K filed during the period covered by this report.

Repurchases of equity securities

We did not repurchase any of its outstanding equity securities during the fourth quarter of the year ended June 30, 2008.

MANAGEMENT'S PLAN OF OPERATION

Statements contained herein that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, the forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from those projected. We caution investors that any forward-looking statements made by us are not guarantees of future performance and that actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Such risks and uncertainties include, without limitation: well-established competitors who have substantially greater financial resources and longer operating histories, regulatory delays or denials, ability to compete as a start-up company in a highly competitive market, and access to sources of capital.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our financial statements and notes thereto included elsewhere in this Form 10-KSB. Except for the historical information contained herein, the discussion in this Form 10-KSB contains certain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, such as statements of our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. The cautionary statements made in this Form 10-KSB should be read as being applicable to all related forward-looking statements wherever they appear in this Form 10-KSB. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed here.

To date we have recorded nominal revenues. We are still considered a development stage company for accounting purposes. From inception on February 12, 1996 through June 30, 2008, we have accrued an accumulated deficit of approximately \$29.4 million.

At June 30, 2008, all of our assets were current assets of \$1,134,679, consisting of cash of \$1,104,104 and prepaid expenses of \$30,575. All of our property and equipment has been fully depreciated.

At June 30, 2008, all of our liabilities were current liabilities of \$707,848, consisting of accounts payable and accruals. Of this amount, payables for legal fees (including associated filing fees) related to patent filings accounting for approximately \$535,000 of the total.

At June 30, 2008, total stockholder's equity was \$426,831.

Our net loss for the year ended June 30, 2008, was \$1,938,216 compared to a net loss of \$5,985,850 for the prior fiscal year, a reduction of \$4,047,634. This substantial decrease in our net loss is attributable to the reduction of non-cash charges incurred under the expense categories of "salaries" and "consulting" during the year ended June 30, 2008: salaries of \$633,725 included non-cash, stock based compensation charges (for the issuance of common stock and/or the granting of options) of \$65,232 compared to \$3,335,228 for the year ended June 30, 2007, and consulting of \$500,850 included non-cash, stock based compensation charges (for the issuance of common stock and/or the granting of options) of \$115,245 compared to \$1,548,630 for the year ended June 30, 2007. As described in the notes to the financial statements, these values were determined using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

Salary expenses during the year ended June 30, 2008, included non-cash expenses of \$65,232 for the extension of the expiration date of outstanding options held by Thomas Aisenbrey.

Consulting expenses during the year ended June 30, 2008, included non-cash expenses of \$46,500 for the issuance of common stock to Visionary Innovations, Inc., and \$115,245 for the extension of the expiration dates of outstanding options held by two other long-term consultants, Michael Pound and Scott McArthur.

Our net loss for the year ended June 30, 2008, was offset slightly by "other income" of \$57,975. The category of "other income" consists of interest income and nominal license fees.

Legal fees incurred during the year ended June 30, 2008, were down from prior periods, due to a decrease in patent filings in 2008.

Research and development costs incurred during the year ended June 30, 2008 were \$287,109 an increase of \$180,774 over the prior fiscal year attributable to refining the manufacturing process by Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. of our ElectriPlastTM material. In 2006, the amount expenses under this category was \$-0-.

For the year ended June 30, 2008, our cash used in operating activities was \$1,621,747, compared to \$1,655,866 used in 2007 and \$1,543,293 used in 2006.

For the year ended June 30, 2008, our cash provided by financing activities was \$485,495, compared to \$2,399,404 provided in 2007, and \$1,248,669 used in 2006.

We anticipate spending up to approximately \$250,000 over the next twelve months on ongoing research and development (primarily salaries and consulting fees) of the different applications and uses of our technologies.

During the next twelve months, we do not anticipate increasing our staff.

As of June 30, 2008, we had \$1,104,104 in cash on hand. Accordingly, management believes that until we generate revenues from operations (we have none to date) additional funding will be required to carry out our business plan.

We are not in the manufacturing business and do not expect to make any capital purchases of a manufacturing plant or significant equipment in the next twelve months.

Presently, we are focusing all of our resources on the researching, developing and commercializing of our ElectriPlastTM technologies. Our business strategy focuses on leveraging our intellectual property rights and our strengths in product design and material innovation. We are focusing our marketing efforts on securing licensing agreements for applications of our ElectriPlastTM technologies with manufacturers of products which would benefit from the incorporation of any of the ElectriPlastTM applications.

ElectriPlastTM is an innovative, electrically-conductive resin-based material. The ElectriPlastTM polymer is a compounded formulation of resin-based materials, which are conductively loaded, or doped, with a proprietary-controlled, balanced concentration of micron conductive materials, then pelletized. The conductive loading or doping within this pellet is then homogenized using conventional molding techniques and conventional molding equipment. The end result is a product that can be molded into any of the infinite shapes and sizes associated with plastics and rubbers, and is non-corrosive, but which is as electrically conductive as if it were metal.

Various examples of applications for ElectriPlastTM are shielding, lighting circuitry, switch actuators, resistors, medical devices, thermal management and cable connector bodies, to name just a few. We have been working to introduce these new applications and the ElectriPlastTM technology on a global scale.

A description of our manufacturing agreement with Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. and our various patent license agreements is provided above under the heading "Summary of Agreements" in the "Description of Business" section of this report.

Status of Material Agreements with Consultants

In January 2006, we entered into a consulting agreement with Visionary Innovations, Inc. ("Visionary") for a term of one year, and compensated Visionary with 250,000 shares of restricted common stock. On February 16, 2007, we renewed our agreement with Visionary. Visionary and its principal, Scott Shaffer, agreed to continue to provide strategic and consulting services to us in connection with the worldwide commercialization of our ElectriPlastTM technology for a period of three years. As outlined in the agreement, the scope of services to be provided to us by Visionary may include: research of business channels, strategic and negotiation consultation, distributor/client support, governmental channels and research, manufacturing expansion, international licensees and distributors, client introductions, and exit planning.

Pursuant to our renewed agreement, we agreed to compensate Visionary with 50,000 shares of our restricted common stock upon execution of the renewed agreement, another 50,000 shares on February 16, 2008, and another 50,000 shares on February 16, 2009. We also granted to Visionary 125,000 options which vest on February 17, 2007 at an exercise price of \$2.75, and another 125,000 options which vest on February 17, 2008 at an exercise price of \$2.75. Visionary is also entitled to a contingent fee equal to 2% of the Net Revenue actually paid to us by new clients or other parties directly introduced by Visionary ("Net Revenue" is defined to mean revenue actually received by us from third parties in respect of sales of our products and/or services, license fees, or research grants, net of taxes payable by us with respect to such amounts and all direct costs incurred by us in generating such revenue).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

The audited financial statements and an index thereto commences on the index to the financial statements, which is the second page following this page.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The term "disclosure controls and procedures" is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the Exchange Act. These rules refer to the controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by a company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within required time periods. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is accumulated and communicated to management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. It is management's responsibility to establish and maintain adequate internal control over financial reporting for the Company.

Our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer have evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report, and they have concluded that, as of June 30, 2008, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act. These rules refer to the controls and other procedures of a company that are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by this report. Our evaluation was based on the criteria for smaller public companies set forth in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on our evaluation under those criteria, our management concluded that, as of June 30, 2008, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

This annual assessment does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's assessment was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to temporary rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission that permit us to provide only management's report in this annual report.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter ended June 30, 2008, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Internal Controls

There are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of internal control over financial reporting, such as resource constraints, judgments used in decision-making, assumptions about the likelihood of future events, the possibility of human error and the risk of fraud. Accordingly, even an effective system of internal control over financial reporting can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the preparation and presentation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Moreover, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may be inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate over time. Our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting are or will be capable of preventing or detecting all errors or all fraud.

OTHER INFORMATION

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IN	O	ne.

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

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International

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

TO THE DIRECTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (A Development Stage Company)

We have audited the consolidated balance sheets of Integral Technologies, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) as of June 30, 2008 and 2007 and the consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows for each of the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006, and the cumulative totals for the development stage of operations from February 12, 1996 (inception) through June 30, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. The financial statements of Integral Technologies, Inc. from February 12, 1996 (inception) through June 30, 1996 were audited by other auditors whose report dated November 20, 1996 expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements. Our opinion, insofar as it relates to the cumulative totals for development stage operations from February 12, 1996 (inception) through June 30, 1996, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States of America). Those standards require that we plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits and the report of the other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, these consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at June 30, 2008 and 2007 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 and the cumulative totals for the development stage of operations from February 12, 1996 (inception) through June 30, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going-concern. As discussed in note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has no revenues and limited capital, which together raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going-concern. Management plans in regard to these matters are also described in note 2. These financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Pannell Kerr Forster

Chartered Accountants (Registered with PCAOB as "Smythe Ratcliffe")

Vancouver, Canada September 19, 2008

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30

(US Dollars)

			2008		2007
Assets					
Current					
Cash		\$	1,104,104	\$	2,240,356
Prepaid expense	es		30,575		32,442
Total Assets		\$	1,134,679	\$	2,272,798
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Liabilities					
Current					
Accounts payab	alo and acomale	\$	707,848	\$	625,763
Accounts payar	of and accidant	φ	707,040	ф	023,703
Total Liabilities			707,848		625,763
Stockholders' Ed	quity (note 4)				
Preferred Stock	and Paid-in Capital in Excess of \$0.001 Par Value				
20,000,000	Shares authorized				
308,538	Shares issued and outstanding (note 4(b))		308,538		308,538
	and Paid-in Capital in Excess of \$0.001 Par Value Shares authorized				
150,000,000 45,704,969	(2007 – 45,514,969) Shares issued and outstanding (note 4(a))		29,219,711		28,762,772
- , - , ,	es Receivable (note 4(e))		(29,737)		(29,737
•	eceived (note 4(f))		276,500		(2),737
Other Compreh			46,267		46,267
-	ated During the Development Stage		(29,394,448)	((27,440,805
	C CONTENT OF CONTENT		(27,271,170)		27,110,003
Total Stockhold	ers' Equity		426,831		1,647,035
Total Liabilities	and Stockholders' Equity	\$	1,134,679	\$	2,272,798

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Operations (US Dollars)

							F	eriod From ebruary 12, 1996 Inception)
		Yea	ars]	Ended June 3	0,		,	Through
						June 30,		
		2008		2007		2006		2008
Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	249,308
Cost of Sales	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	0	Ψ	216,016
				0		0		22.202
Other Income		57,975		120.720		0 2,096		33,292
Other Income		31,913		138,720		2,090		857,096
		57,975		138,720		2,096		890,388
Expenses								
Salaries (note 4(c))		633,725		3,335,225		602,741		9,102,092
Consulting (note 4(c))		500,850		2,006,943		718,025		6,264,402
Legal and accounting		305,452		324,284		456,911		4,139,795
Research and development		287,109		106,335		130,911		1,240,903
Travel and entertainment		96,162		124,930		98,385		1,303,346
General and administrative		95,706		119.043		113,539		1,112,640
Rent		46,659		40,486		37,290		444,500
Telephone		29,605		38,442		41,268		434,302
Bank charges and interest, net		6,932		17,878		4,895		202,198
Advertising		0,532		11,004		25,511		331,270
Write-off of investments		0		0		0		1,250,000
Non-competition agreement		0		0		0		711,000
Write-down of license and operating assets		0		0		0		1,855,619
Interest on beneficial conversion feature		0		0		0		566,455
Settlement of lawsuit		0		0		0		45,250
Financing fees, net		0		0		(499)		129,043
Bad debts (recovery)		(6,009)		0		0		46,604
Depreciation and amortization		0		0		8,219		324,386
		1.006.101		< 10 1 FF0		2 10 6 20 7		20. 202.00
		1,996,191		6,124,570		2,106,285		29,503,805
Net Loss	\$	(1,938,216)	\$	(5,985,850)	\$	(2,104,189)	\$	(28,613,417
Loss Per Common Share (note 8)	ф.	(0.04)	Φ.	(0.10)	ф	(0.05)		
LOSS 1 C1 CUIIIIIUII SIIAIC (IIUIC 0)	\$	(0.04)	\$	(0.13)	\$	(0.05)		
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding		45,617,756		45,230,171		42,814,988		

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

(US Dollars)

			Preferred					
Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Shares of Preferred Stock Issued	Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Notes	Share Subscriptions	Other Comprehensive Income	_	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
1,000,000	\$ 10,000	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 10,000
1,500,000	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,000
2 000 000	20,000	0	0		0			20.000
2,000,000	20,000	0	0	0	U	0	0	20,000
1.500.000	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,000
								(1,226)
U	U	U	U	U	U	(1,220)	0	(1,220)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(344,843)	(344,843)
6,000,000	60,000	0	0	0	0	(1.226)	(3// 8/3)	(286,069)
0,000,000	00,000	U	U	U	0	(1,220)	(344,643)	(280,009)
5,086,000	865,514	0	0	0	0	0	0	865,514
								(48,920)
564,000	63,036	0	0	0	0	0	0	63,036
100,000	275,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	275,000
0	0	0	0	0	0	12,601	0	12,601
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(822 217)	(822,217)
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(622,217)	(822,217)
11,750.000	1,214.630	0	0	0	0	11.375	(1,167,060)	58,945
, , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,						, , , , , , , , , ,)	
825,396	650,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	650,000
0	(78,000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	(78,000)
0	0	0	0	0	0	24,860	0	24,860
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(937,373)	(937,373)
							, , , ,	, , - /
12 575 396	\$1.786.630	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 36.235	\$ (2,104,433)	\$ (281,568)
	Common Stock Issued 1,000,000 1,500,000 2,000,000 1,500,000 6,000,000 5,086,000 0 5,086,000 0 11,750,000 11,750,000 825,396 0 0 0	Shares of Common Stock Issued Stock Excess of Excess of Issued Paid-in Excess of Issued 1,000,000 \$ 10,000 1,500,000 15,000 2,000,000 20,000 1,500,000 15,000 6,000,000 60,000 5,086,000 865,514 0 (48,920) 564,000 63,036 100,000 275,000 0 0 11,750,000 1,214,630 825,396 650,000 0 (78,000) 0 (78,000)	Shares of Common Stock Issued Paid-in Preferred Excess of Issued Preferred Stock Issued 1,000,000 \$10,000 0 2,000,000 \$20,000 0 1,500,000 \$15,000 0 0 0 0 5,086,000 \$60,000 0 0 (48,920) 0 564,000 \$275,000 0 11,750,000 \$1,214,630 0 825,396 \$650,000 0 0 (78,000) 0 0 0 0	Shares of Stock and Shares of Stock and Stock and Stock and Stock and Stock and Paid-in Common Stock Issued Paid-in Preferred Stock In Excess of Stock Issued Capital in Excess of Stock Issued Stock Issued Stock In Excess of Par 1,000,000 \$10,000 0 0 2,000,000 \$20,000 0 0 2,000,000 \$15,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 1,500,000 \$15,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 6,000,000 \$60,000 0 0 5,086,000 \$865,514 0 0 5,086,000 \$865,514 0 0 0 (48,920) 0 0 100,000 \$275,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 11,750,000 \$1,214,630 0 0 825,396 \$650,000 0 0 0 \$0 0 0 0 \$0 0 0	Shares of Common Shares of Shares of Paid-in Common Stock at Issued Companie Stock and Paid-in Preferred Stock in Excess of Stock in Excess of Issued Preferred Stock in Excess of Stock in Excess of Stock in Excess of Par Stock of Par Preferred Stock in Excess of Stock in Excess of Par Notes Par 1,000,000 \$10,000 0 \$ 0 2,000,000 20,000 0 0 0 2,000,000 15,000 0 0 0 1,500,000 15,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 6,000,000 60,000 0 0 0 5,086,000 865,514 0 0 0 0 (48,920) 0 0 0 564,000 63,036 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 11,750,000 1,214,630 0 0 0 825,396 650,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <	Common Stock and Stock Preferred Capital Preferred P	Common Shork Shork Paid-in of o	Stares Stares Stares Stares Paid Stares Paid Paid

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

(US Dollars)

	Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Shares of Preferred	Preferred Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Promissory Notes Receivable	Share Subscriptions	Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance, June									
30, 1998 Shares Issued	12,575,396	\$1,786,630	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 36,235	\$ (2,104,433)	\$ (281,568)
for									
Cash Exercise of stock	200,000	50,000	0	0	0	0			50,000
options	445,000	80,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	80,500
Promissory note Settlement of	1,683,789	252,568	0	0	(284,068)	0	0	0	(31,500)
lawsuit Services (provided by officers and	150,000	15,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	15,000
directors) Share issue	666,666	100,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	100,000
costs	0	(100,500)		0	0	0			(100,500)
Services Conversion of convertible debentures	250,000 3,869,120	50,000 525,813	0	0	0	0			50,000 525,813
Acquisition of	1,800,000	619,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	610.200
subsidiary Held in escrow	447,091	019,200	0	0	0	0			619,200
Stock option benefit	0		0	0	0	0			70,600
Beneficial conversion feature	0	566,456	0	0	0	0	0	0	566,456
Foreign currency									
translation	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,444	0	8,444
Net loss for year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,404,021)	(1,404,021)
Balance June 30, 1999	22,087,062	4,016,267	0	0	(284,068)	0	44,679	(3,508,454)	268,424
Shares Issued for									
Cash on private placement Exercise of	2,650,000	3,975,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,975,000
options Services	1,245,000 50,000	256,700 13,000	0	0	0	0			256,700 13,000
Settlement of debt	0		664,410	664,410	0	0	0	0	664,410
Shares released from escrow Stock option	0	75,558	0	0	0	0	0	0	75,558

benefit	0	48,256	0	0	0	0	0	0	48,256
Promissory									
note									
repayment	0	0	0	0	225,568	0	0	0	225,568
Foreign									
currency									
translation	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,614	0	1,614
Net loss for									
year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,537,402)	(1,537,402)
Balance, June									
30, 2000	26,032,062 \$	8,384,781	664,410 \$ 6	64,410 \$	(58,500) \$	0 \$	46,293 \$	(5,045,856) \$	3,991,128

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

(US Dollars)

	Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Shares of Preferred Stock Issued	Preferred Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Promissory Notes Receivable	Share Subscriptions	Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance, June									
30, 2000	26,032,062	\$ 8,384,781	664,410	\$ 664,410	\$ (58,500)	\$ 0	\$ 46,293	\$ (5,045,856)	\$ 3,991,128
Shares Issued									
for Cash on									
private									
placement	81,885	112,480	0	0	0	0	0	0	112,480
Exercise of	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,								,
options	517,000	91,515	0	0	0	0		0	91,515
Services	100,000	40,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	40,000
Held in escrow	218,115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stock option	210,113	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	J
benefit	0	272,207	0	0	0	0	0	0	272,207
Dividends on									
preferred	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(20.720)	(20.720)
shares Share	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(30,720)	(30,720)
subscriptions	0	0	0	0	0	50,000	0	0	50,000
Redeemed	_			_		23,000			2 3,0 0 0
shares	0	0	(100,000)	(100,000)	0	0	0	(100,000)	(200,000)
Foreign									
currency translation	0	0	0	0	0	0	(26)	0	(26)
Net loss for	U	U	U	U	U	0	(20))	(20)
year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(4,000,169)	(4,000,169)
Balance, June									
30, 2001	26,949,062	8,900,983	564,410	564,410	(58,500)	50,000	46,267	(9,176,745)	326,415
Shares Issued for									
Proprietary									
non-									
competition									
agreement	450,000	711,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	711,000
Held in	700.000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
escrow Exercise of	700,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
options	2,263,500	971,200	0	0	(15,000)	(10,000)) 0	0	946,200
Exercise of	_, ,	7.1.			(,)	(==,==,	,	Ţ.	,
warrants	325,000	130,000	0	0	0	0		0	130,000
Subscriptions	100,000	40,000	0	0	0	(40,000)) 0	0	0
Stock option compensation	0	415,685	0	0	0	0	0	0	415,685
Shares released	0	+13,003	U	U		0	0	0	413,003
from escrow	0	954,582	0	0	0	0	0	0	954,582
Dividends on									
preferred	^	0	0	0	^	0	0	(26,007)	(06.007)
shares Redeemed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(26,087)	(26,087)
shares	0	0	(124,800)	(124,800)	0	0	0	(187,200)	(312,000)
Write-off of			,000)	(= .,000)	Ů	ŭ		(==7,=00)	(==2,000)
promissory									
note	0	(7,000)	0	0	7,000	0	0	0	0
receivable	0	(7,000)	0	0	7,000	0	0	0	0

Net	loss	for

year	0 0	0 0	0	0	0	(3,836,191)	(3,836,191)
Balance, June							
30, 2002	30,787,562 \$12,116,450	439,610 \$ 439,610 \$	(66,500) \$	0 \$	46,267 \$	(13,226,223) \$	(690,396)

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

(US Dollars)

	Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Shares of Preferred Stock Issued	Preferred Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Promissory Notes Receivable	Share Subscriptions	Other Comprehensive Income	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance, June									
30, 2002	30,787,562	\$12,116,450	439,610	\$ 439,610	\$ (66,500))\$ 0	\$ 46,267	\$ (13,226,223)	\$ (690,396)
Shares Issued									
for									
Cash on private									
placement	1,684,000	842,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	842,050
Settlement of	2,001,000	0.2,000							0.2,000
debt	144,793	104,542	0	0	0	0	0	0	104,542
Services Exercise of	200,000	196,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	196,000
options	52,500	43,750	0	0	0	0	0	0	43,750
Exercise of									
warrants	55,000	27,500	0	0	0	0	0	0	27,500
Subscription received	0	0	0	0	0	176,665	0	0	176,665
Stock option	0	0	0	0	U	170,003	· · · ·	Ü	170,003
compensation	0	5,460	0	0	0	0	0	0	5,460
Settlement of	0	0	0	0	0	25.250	0	0	25.250
lawsuit Dividends on	0	0	0	0	0	35,250	0	0	35,250
preferred									
shares	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(22,060)	(22,060)
Net loss for	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,346,833)	(1,346,833)
year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0	<u> </u>	(1,340,833)	(1,540,655)
Balance, June									
30, 2003	32,923,855	13,335,752	439,610	439,610	(66,500)	211,915	46,267	(14,595,116)	(628,072)
Shares Issued									
for									
Cash on private									
placement	6,609,336	6,042,935	0	0	0	(211,915)	0	0	5,831,020
Cash on									
exercise of	25,000	25 000	0	0	0	0	0	0	25,000
options Settlement of	25,000	25,000	U	0	U	U	U	0	25,000
lawsuit	37,500	35,250	0	0	0	0	0	0	35,250
Services	25,000	21,873	0	0	0	0	0	0	21,873
Redemption of preferred									
shares	415,000	415,000	(118.572)	(118,572)	0	0	0	(296,428)	0
Exercise of									
warrants	288,298	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Shares returned to treasury for									
cancellation	(142,140)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stock option									
compensation	0	321,275	0	0	0	0	0	0	321,275
Dividends on preferred									
shares	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(19,016)	(19,016)
Net loss for									
year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(2,543,848)	(2,543,848)

(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

(US Dollars)

	Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Shares of Preferred Stock Issued	Preferred Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Promissory Notes Receivable	Share Subscriptions	Other Comprehensive Income	_	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
Balance, June 30, 2004	40,181,849	\$20,197,085	321,038	\$ 321,038	\$ (66,500)	\$ 0	\$ 46,267	\$ (17,454,408)	\$ 3,043,482
Shares Issued for									
Settlement of	44.000	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	55,000
debt Cashless exercise of	44,000	55,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	55,000
warrants	1,713,300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
For services	500,000	270,000	0	0	0	0	0		270,000
Redemption of preferred shares	0	0	(12,500)	(12,500)	0	0	0	(37,500)	
Dividends on preferred									
shares	0	0	0	0	0	0			, , ,
Net loss for year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(1,812,265)	(1,812,265)
Balance, June 30, 2005	42,439,149	20,522,085	308,538	308,538	(66,500)	0	46,267	(19,319,912)	1,490,478
Shares Issued	,,	20,022,000	200,220	200,220	(00,200)	Ţ,	.0,207	(15,015,512)	1,1,0,1,0
for									
Exercise of									
options	200,000	134,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	134,000
Cashless exercise of									
warrants	35,115	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
For services	269,000	191,510	0	0	0	0	0	0	191,510
Exercise of warrants Repayment of	1,291,168	1,080,669	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,080,669
promissory	0	0	0	0	24.000	0	0	0	24,000
note Dividends on	0	0	0	0	34,000	0	0	0	34,000
preferred shares	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(15,427)	(15,427)
Stock option	0	107.010	0	0	0				107.010
compensation Net loss for year	0	107,219	0	0	0	0			107,219
ivet ioss for year	U	0	U	0	U	U	0	(2,104,189)	(2,104,189)
Balance, June 30, 2006	44,234,432	22,035,483	308,538	308,538	(32,500)	0	46,267	(21,439,528)	918,260
Shares Issued for	, - ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,, = 3	,223	(- ,2 3 3)			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Exercise of									
options	50,000	35,000	0	0	0	0			35,000
For services	50,000	105,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	105,000
Private	1 100 70=	0.061.641							0001000
placement Repayment of promissory	1,180,537	2,361,641	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,361,641
note Dividends on	0	0	0	0	2,763	0		0	2,763
preferred shares Stock option	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(15,427)	(15,427)

compensatio	n 0	4,225,648	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,225,648
Net loss for year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(5,985,850)	(5,985,850)
Balance, June									
30, 2007	45,514,969	\$28,762,772	308,538 \$	308,538 \$	(29,737) \$	0 \$	46,267 \$	(27,440,805) \$	1,647,035

(A Development Stage Company)

 $Consolidated \ Statements \ of \ Stockholders' \ Equity \ (Deficit)$

(US Dollars)

	Shares of Common Stock Issued	Common Stock and Paid-in Capital in Excess of Par	Shares of Preferred Stock Issued	in Excess	Promissory Notes Receivable	Share Subscriptions	Other Comprehensive Income	U	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
						•		8	
Balance, June 30, 2007	45,514,969	\$28,762,772	308,538	\$ 308,538	\$ (29,737)	\$ () \$ 46,267	\$ (27,440,805) \$	1,647,035
Shares Issued	- ,	,.,-,.,-	,	, ,	. (,,,,,,,			. (. , , , , , ,	,,
for									
Exercise of warrants	190,000	208,995	0	0	0	(0	0	208,995
Subscription received	0	0	0	0	0	276,500	0	0	276,500
Dividends on preferred	0	0	0	0	0			(15.427)	(15.407)
shares Stock option	0	0	0	0	0	(0	(15,427)	(15,427)
compensation	0	247,944	0	0	0	(0	0	247,944
Net loss for		,							,
year	0	0	0	0	0	(0	(1,938,216)	(1,938,216)
Balance, June 30, 2008	45,704,969	\$29,219,711	308,538	\$ 308,538	\$ (29,737)	\$ 276,500) \$ 46,267	\$ (29,394,448) \$	426,831

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (A Development Stage Company) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(US Dollars)

	Year	rs Ended June 30		February 12, 1996 (Inception) Through
				June 30,
	2008	2007	2006	2008
Operating Activities				
	\$ (1,938,216)	\$ (5,985,850) \$	(2,104,189)	\$ (28,613,417)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities	Ψ (1,230,210)	Ψ (2,702,020) Ψ	(2,101,10))	ψ (20,013,117)
Write-down of investment	0	0	0	1,250,000
Other income	0	0	0	(658,305)
Proprietary, non-competition agreement	0	0	0	711,000
Consulting services	0	199,790	359,220	1,523,783
Depreciation and amortization	0	0	8,219	349,941
Stock option compensation	247,944	4,225,648	107,219	5,714,294
Interest on beneficial conversion feature	0	0	0	566,456
Settlement of lawsuit	0	0	0	60,250
Write-down of license and operating assets	0	0	0	1,853,542
Bad debt	0	0	0	77,712
Changes in non-cash working capital Due from affiliated company	0	0	0	(116,000)
Notes and accounts receivable	0	0	0	(109,213)
Inventory	0	0	0	(46,842)
Prepaid expenses	1,867	(18,187)	(4,613)	(30,575)
Deferred revenue and other	0	0	0	(2,609)
Accounts payable and accruals	66,658	(77,267)	90,851	980,848
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	(1,621,747)	(1,655,866)	(1,543,293)	(16,489,135)
Investing Activities				
Purchase of property, equipment and intangible assets	0	0	0	(200,935)
Assets acquired and liabilities assumed on purchase of subsidiary	0	0	0	(129,474)
Investment in and advances to affiliated companies	0	0	0	(2,000,000)
License agreements	0	0	0	(124,835)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	0	0	0	(2,455,244)
Financing Activities				
Redemption of preferred shares	0	0	0	(50,000)
Repayment of loan	0	0	34,000	(11,000)
Advances from stockholders	0	0	0	1,078,284
Repayments from (to) stockholders	0	2,763	0	(91,283)
Subscriptions received	276,500	0	0	503,165
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	208,995	2,396,641	1,214,669	18,200,470
Proceeds from convertible debentures	0	0	0	600,000
Share issue costs	0	0	0	(227,420)
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	485,495	2,399,404	1,248,669	20,002,216
Effect of Foreign Currency Translation on Cash	0	0	0	46,267
Inflow (Outflow) of Cash	(1,136,252)	743,538	(294,624)	1,104,104
Cash, Beginning of Year	2,240,356	1,496,818	1,791,442	0
		\$ 2,240,356 \$		\$ 1,104,104

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information (note 5)

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006

1. INCORPORATION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Integral Technologies, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on February 12, 1996 and has its head office in Bellingham, Washington, USA. The Company is in the development stage, as more fully defined in Statement No. 7 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"). The Company is in the business of researching, developing and commercializing new antenna technologies.

The Company will be devoting all of its resources to the research, development and commercialization of its ElectriPlast technology. As a consequence, the value for the license of all other technologies was written off in 2001.

2. GOING-CONCERN

(US Dollars)

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a "going-concern", which assumes the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations.

The Company is in the development stage, has an accumulated deficit of \$29,394,448 (2007 - \$27,440,805), has not yet commenced revenue-producing operations, and has significant expenditure requirements to continue to advance its research, developing and commercializing new antenna technologies.

These consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments that would be necessary if the going-concern assumption were not appropriate because management believes that the actions already taken or planned will mitigate the adverse conditions and events that raise doubts about the validity of the going-concern assumption used in preparing these consolidated financial statements. Management intends to raise additional capital through stock issuances to finance operations and invest in other business opportunities.

If the going-concern assumption were not appropriate for these consolidated financial statements, then adjustments could be necessary to the carrying values of the assets and liabilities, the reported revenues and expenses, and the balance sheet classifications used.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Principles of consolidation

These financial statements include the accounts of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Integral Vision Systems, Inc. ("IVSI"), Antek Wireless Inc. ("Antek") and Plastenna, Inc. ("Plastenna"), a Delaware corporation, and its 76.625%-owned subsidiary, Emergent Technologies Corp. ("ETC"), which is currently inactive. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

(A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization are provided using the straight-line method based on the following estimated useful lives:

Machinery, furniture and equipment	- 5 years
Computer hardware and software	- 5 years
Moulds	- 5 years

The Company reviews long-term assets to determine if the carrying amount is recoverable based on the estimate of future cash flow expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If in this determination there is an apparent shortfall, the loss will be recognized as a current charge to operations.

(c) Loss per share

Basic loss per share computations are based on the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Common share equivalents consisting of preferred stock, stock options and warrants are not considered in the computation of diluted loss per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive.

(d) Stock issued in exchange for services

The valuation of the common stock issued in exchange for services is valued at an estimated fair market value as determined by officers and directors of the Company based upon other sales and issuances of the Company's common stock within the same general time period.

(e) Revenue recognition

As the Company is continuing development of its technologies, no significant revenues have been earned to date. The Company plans to recognize revenues at the time of delivery of the product to the customer.

(f) Foreign currency translation

The Company's functional currency is the US dollar. Transactions for the Company's operations whose functional currency is not the US dollar are translated into US dollars at the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet dates for monetary assets and liabilities, and at historical exchange rates for non-monetary assets and liabilities. Revenues and expenses are translated at average rates for the period, except for amortization and depreciation, which are translated on the same basis as the related assets. Resulting translation gains or losses are reflected in the statements of operations.

(g) Research and development

Research and development expenditures are charged to operations as incurred.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006

(US Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates include valuation allowance for deferred income tax asset and the determination of the assumptions used in calculating the fair value of stock-based compensation. Actual results could differ from those estimates and could impact future results of operations and cash flows.

(i) Financial instruments

The Company considers all highly liquid interest-earning investments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. The fair value of these investments approximates their carrying value. Investments with original maturities of greater than three months and remaining maturities of less than one year are classified as short-term investments. Investments with maturities beyond one year may be classified as short-term based on their highly liquid nature and because such marketable securities represent the investment of cash that is available for current operations. All cash equivalents and short-term investments are classified as available-for-sale and are recorded at market value using the specific identification method. Changes in market value are reflected in other comprehensive income (excluding other-than-temporary impairments).

Equity and other investments classified as long-term include both debt and equity instruments. Debt securities and publicly traded equity securities are classified as available-for-sale and are recorded at market using the specific identification method. Changes in market value are reflected in other comprehensive income (excluding other-than-temporary impairments). All other investments, excluding those accounted for using the equity method, are recorded at cost.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk due to the short-term maturity of its monetary current assets and current liabilities.

(ii) Credit risk

The Company's financial assets that are exposed to credit risk consist primarily of cash, which is placed with major financial institutions.

(iii) Currency risk

The Company translates the results of non-US transactions into US currency using rates approximating the average exchange rate for the year. The exchange rate may vary from time to time. This risk is considered nominal as the Company does not incur any significant transactions in currencies other than US dollars.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC. (A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Income taxes

The Company uses the asset and liability approach in its method of accounting for income taxes that requires the recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance against deferred tax assets is recorded if based upon weighted available evidence it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized.

Effective July 1, 2007, the Company adopted FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes — an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109" ("FIN 48"), which prescribes a comprehensive model for how a company should recognize, measure, present and disclose in its financial statements uncertain tax positions that the company has taken or expects to take on a tax return. Though the validity of any tax position is a matter of tax law, the body of statutory, regulatory and interpretive guidance on the application of the law is complex and often ambiguous. Because of this, whether a tax position will ultimately be sustained may be uncertain. Under FIN 48, the impact of an uncertain tax position that is more likely than not of being sustained upon audit by the relevant taxing authority must be recognized at the largest amount that is more likely than not to be sustained. No portion of an uncertain tax position will be recognized if the position has less than a 50% likelihood of being sustained.

(k) Stock-based compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation expense associated with stock options and other forms of equity compensation in accordance with SFAS No. 123R, "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123R"), as interpreted by Securities Exchange Commission Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 107. SFAS 123R requires the Company to estimate the fair value of share-based payment awards on the date of grant using an option pricing model. The value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as an expense over the requisite service periods in the Company's statement of operations. The Company uses the straight-line single-option method to recognize the value of stock-based compensation expense for all share-based payment awards. Stock-based compensation expense recognized in the statement of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 has been reduced for estimated forfeitures, as it is based on awards ultimately expected to vest. SFAS 123R requires forfeitures to be estimated at the time of grant and revised, if necessary, in subsequent periods if actual forfeitures differ from those estimates. See note 4 for further information regarding the Company's stock-based compensation assumptions and expenses.

(US Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(l) Comprehensive income

Other comprehensive income includes revenues and expenses and unrealized gains and losses that under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are excluded from net income (loss) and are recorded directly as an adjustment to stockholders' equity, net of tax. When the unrealized gains and losses are realized they are reclassified from other comprehensive income and included in net income. The Company's other comprehensive income (loss) is comprised of gains and losses from foreign currency translation adjustments. As at June 30, 2008, the Company has accumulated comprehensive income of \$46,267 that relates to foreign operations the Company had in the past. The Company's operations in the foreign jurisdiction were integrated into the main operations of the Company, therefore, no further comprehensive gains or losses have been incurred.

(m) Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

- (i) In July 2006, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an interpretation of FASB Statement 109". Interpretation 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Benefits from tax positions should be recognized in the financial statements only when it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained upon examination by the appropriate taxing authority that would have full knowledge of all relevant information. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Tax positions that previously failed to meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold should be recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which that threshold is met. Previously recognized tax positions that no longer meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold should be de-recognized in the first subsequent financial reporting period in which that threshold is no longer met. Interpretation 48 also provides guidance on the accounting for and disclosure of unrecognized tax benefits, interest and penalties. The adoption of Interpretation 48 on July 1, 2007 did not significantly impact the Company's financial position or results of operations.
- (ii) In May 2007 the FASB issued FSP No. 48-1, "Definition of Settlement in FASB Interpretation No. 48". FSP 48-1 provides guidance on how to determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. FSP 48-1 was effective retroactively to July 1, 2007 and did not significantly impact the Company's financial position or results of operations.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (n) Recent accounting pronouncements not yet adopted
 - (i) In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 163, "Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts An interpretation of FASB Statement No. 60". SFAS 163 requires that an insurance enterprise recognize a claim liability prior to an event of default when there is evidence that credit deterioration has occurred in an insured financial obligation. It also clarifies how Statement 60 applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts, including the recognition and measurement to be used to account for premium revenue and claim liabilities, and requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. It is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, except for some disclosures about the insurance enterprise's risk-management activities. SFAS 163 requires that disclosures about the risk-management activities of the insurance enterprise be effective for the first period beginning after issuance. Except for those disclosures, earlier application is not permitted.
 - (ii) In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles". SFAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles to be used in the preparation of financial statements of non-governmental entities that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. It is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles".
 - (iii) In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, "Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities an amendment to FASB Statement No. 133". SFAS No. 161 is intended to improve financial standards for derivative instruments and hedging activities by requiring enhanced disclosures to enable investors to better understand their effects on an entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. Entities are required to provide enhanced disclosures about: (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments; (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations; and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance and cash flows. It is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008, with early adoption encouraged.
 - (iv) In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, "Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements", which, among other things, provides guidance and establishes amended accounting and reporting standards for a parent company's non-controlling interest in a subsidiary. This pronouncement is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (n) Recent accounting pronouncements not yet adopted (Continued)
 - (v) In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115". This statement permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. Most of the provisions of SFAS No. 159 apply only to entities that elect the fair value option. However, the amendment to SFAS No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities", applies to all entities with available-for-sale and trading securities. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of a fiscal year that begins on or before November 15, 2007, provided the entity also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements". The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.
 - (vi) In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements". The objective of SFAS No. 157 is to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and to expand disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and does not require any new fair value measurements. The provisions of SFAS No. 157 are effective for fair value measurements made in fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The adoption of this statement is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's future reported financial position or results of operations.

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

- (a) Common stock
 - (i) During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company:
 - Closed a private placement on September 15, 2006 of 1,180,537 units consisting of common stock at \$2.00 per share and warrants to purchase 590,269 shares of common stock within two years at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share, provided that in the event that the average closing bid price of a share of the Company's common stock exceeds \$4.50 for ten consecutive trading days, the Company has the right to redeem the warrants for \$0.01 per share of common stock purchasable hereunder, upon thirty days' written notice (the holder shall have the right to exercise the warrant in accordance with its terms prior to the expiration of the thirty-day period). The purchase price attributable to the warrants was \$0.001 per share of common stock underlying the warrants. Aggregate proceeds from the sale of the common stock and the warrants was \$2,361,641 (\$2,361,051 for the common stock and \$590 for the warrants). At any time commencing 60 days after the close of the offering, the investors can require that the Company prepare and file a registration statement to register the shares of common stock (including the shares underlying the warrants) for resale by the investors. The Company also reserves the right to file such a registration statement at any time after the closing date on its own initiative;
 - (b) Issued 50,000 shares in the amount of \$35,000 on the exercise of options; and
 - (c) Issued 50,000 shares as consideration for consulting services to be provided over 12 months. These shares have been recorded at a value of \$105,000 representing the market value of the shares at the date of issuance.
 - (ii) During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company:

Issued 190,000 shares in the amount of \$208,995 on the exercise of warrants. The Company approved a temporary adjustment to the exercise terms of stock purchase warrants dated September 15, 2006 in consideration of overall market conditions in October 2007. If warrants were exercised prior to November 15, 2007, the exercise price would be adjusted from \$2.50 per share to \$1.10 per share.

(iii) Subsequent to June 30, 2008, the Company:

Issued 50,000 shares as consideration for consulting services (note 4(f)(ii)).

(b) Preferred stock

The preferred stock may be issued in one or more series. The distinguishing features of each series including preference, rights and restriction are to be determined by the Company's Board of Directors upon the establishment of each such series.

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

(b) Preferred stock (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2000, the Company designated 1,000,000 of its authorized 20,000,000 preferred shares as Series A convertible preferred stock with a par value of \$0.001 each and a stated value and liquidation preference of \$1.00 per share. Cumulative dividends are accrued at the rate of 5% annually, payable at the option of the Company. The shares may be converted to restricted shares of common stock at the average trading price ten days prior to conversion, and are entitled to votes equal to the number of shares of common stock into which each series of preferred stock may be converted. Each Series A convertible preferred share may be redeemed by the Company for \$1.50 each within one year after the date of issue, and for \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 per share in each of the subsequent four years after the date of issue. The Company may, at its discretion, redeem the shares at a price higher than stipulated herein.

During the year ended June 30, 2000, the Company agreed to settle \$383,228 of accounts payable and \$281,182 of long-term debt, both amounts owed to officers and directors of the Company, by issuing 664,410 shares of Series A convertible preferred stock at a par value of \$0.001 and a stated value of \$1.00 per share.

(c) Stock options and stock-based compensation

Stock option plans

In January 2001, the Company adopted the "Integral Technologies, Inc. 2001 Stock Plan" (the "2001 Plan"), a non-qualified stock option plan under which the Company may issue up to 2,500,000 stock options and stock bonuses of common stock of the Company to provide incentives to officers, directors, key employees and other persons who contribute to the success of the Company. This plan was amended December 2001 to increase the number of common share options that may be granted from 2,500,000 to 3,500,000 stock options. As at June 30, 2008, there are 19,500 options available under this plan.

In April 2003, the Company adopted the "Integral Technologies, Inc. 2003 Stock Plan" (the "2003 Plan"), a non-qualified stock option plan under which the Company may issue up to 1,500,000 stock options. As of June 30, 2008, there are 1,025,000 options available under this plan.

Pursuant to the 2001 and 2003 plans

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Company granted a total of 50,000 stock options to a consultant at an exercise price of \$0.40 per common share. All options are fully vested at the date of grant and expire December 31, 2010.

On November 3, 2006, the Company granted an option to a consultant to acquire 100,000 common shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, until the option expires on November 15, 2008.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

(c) Stock options and stock-based compensation (Continued)

Pursuant to the 2001 and 2003 plans (Continued)

On November 6, 2006, the Company granted an option to an officer to acquire 1,000,000 common shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable at a price of \$2.25 per share, until the option expires on June 30, 2010.

On March 23, 2007, the Company granted an option to a consultant to acquire 100,000 common shares of the Company's common stock, exercisable at a price of \$1.00 per share, until the option expires on March 23, 2008.

During the year ended June 30, 2007, pursuant to the consulting agreement with Visionary Innovations, Inc. ("Visionary"), the Company granted Visionary 125,000 options, which vested on March 30, 2007 at an exercise price of \$2.75, and another 125,000 options, which vested on March 30, 2008 at an exercise price of \$2.75 and expire March 30, 2009. During the year ended June 30, 2008, this resulted in stock-based compensation of \$67,466 (2007 - \$112,442).

During the year ended June 30, 2007, the Company extended the expiry date of 1,295,000 options, which resulted in additional stock-based compensation of \$2,696,776 included in the \$4,225,648 discussed below.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company extended the expiry date of 1,295,000 options, which resulted in additional stock-based compensation of \$180,478.

Stock-based compensation

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company recorded total stock-based compensation expense of \$247,944 (2007 - \$4,225,648; 2006 - \$107,219); of this amount, \$182,711 is included as part of consulting fees and \$65,233 is included in salaries.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

(c) Stock options and stock-based compensation (Continued)

Key assumptions

The fair value of the Company's stock options was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	2008	2007	2006
Expected life (years)	1	1	2
Interest rate	4.28%	5.00%	3.00%
Volatility	87.75%	106.90%	59.09%
Dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Estimated forfeitures	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Expected life: The Company's expected term represents the period that the Company's stock-based awards are expected to be outstanding and was determined based on historical experience and vesting schedules of similar awards.

Risk-free interest rate: The Company bases the risk-free interest rate used in the Black-Scholes valuation method on the implied yield currently available on US Treasury zero-coupon issues with an equivalent remaining term.

Expected volatility: The Company's expected volatility represents the weighted average historical volatility of the Company's common stock for a period equal to the expected life of the options.

Expected dividend: The Black-Scholes valuation model calls for a single expected dividend yield as an input. The dividend yield is determined by dividing the expected per share dividend during the coming year by the grant date stock price. The expected dividend assumption is based on the Company's current expectations about its anticipated dividend policy.

Estimated forfeitures: Estimated forfeitures represent the Company's historical forfeitures for the most recent two-year period and considers termination behavior as well as analysis of actual option forfeitures.

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

(c) Stock options and stock-based compensation (Continued)

Stock option activity

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option activity for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006:

				eighted verage
	Number	Price		ercise
	of Shares	Per Share	I	Price
		0.50 to \$		
Balance, June 30, 2005	2,445,000	\$ 1.16	\$	0.76
Granted during the year	50,000	\$ 0.40	\$	0.40
Cancelled	0	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00
		0.40 to \$		
Exercised	(200,000)	\$ 1.00	\$	0.67
		0.40 to \$		
Balance, June 30, 2006	2,295,000	\$ 1.16	\$	0.76
		1.00 to \$		
Granted during the year	1,450,000	\$ 2.75	\$	2.16
Cancelled	0	\$ 0.00	\$	0.00
Exercised	(25,000)	\$ 1.00	\$	1.00
		0.50 to \$		
Balance, June 30, 2007 and 2008	3,720,000	\$ 2.75	\$	1.31

The following summarizes the options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006, which were fully vested at these dates:

	Exercise		Nui	nber of Share	es
Expiry Date	P	rice	2008	2007	2006
	0.	65 to \$			
August 31, 2008	\$	1.16	855,000*	855,000	880,000
November 15, 2008	\$	1.00	100,000	100,000	0
March 23, 2009	\$	1.00	100,000	100,000	0
March 30, 2009	\$	2.75	250,000	250,000	0
June 30, 2010	\$	0.50	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
June 30, 2010	\$	2.25	1,000,000	1,000,000	0
December 31, 2010	\$	1.00	415,000	415,000	415,000
	0.	50 to \$			
Total outstanding	\$	2.75	3,720,000	3,720,000	2,295,000
	0.	50 to \$			
Total exercisable	\$	2.75	3,626,250	3,626,250	2,295,000

^{*} Subsequent to the year-end, the expiry date of these options was extended from August 31, 2008 to August 31, 2009.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

(A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

(c) Stock options and stock-based compensation (Continued)

Stock option activity (Continued)

The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted during the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$1.35 per share (2007 - \$1.35; 2006 - \$0.69). The weighted average intrinsic value of options exercised during the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$Nil per share (2007 - \$Nil; 2006 - \$0.02). The weighted average intrinsic value of options outstanding as of June 30, 2008 was \$0.15 per share (2007 - \$0.15; 2006 - \$0.13).

(d) Stock purchase warrants

The following table summarizes the Company's stock purchase warrant activity for the years ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006:

					eighted verage
	Number	P	Price	Ex	ercise
	of Shares	Per Share		Price	
Balance, June 30, 2005 and 2006	0	\$	0.00	\$	0.00
Issued	590,629	\$	2.50	\$	2.50
Balance, June 30, 2007	590,629	\$	2.50	\$	2.50
Exercised	(190,000)	\$	2.50	\$	2.50
Balance, June 30, 2008	400,269	\$	2.50	\$	2.50

At June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006, the following stock purchase warrants were outstanding:

	Exercise		Number of Shares			
Expiry Date	P	rice	2008	2007	2006	
September 15, 2008	\$	2.50	400,269	590,269	0	

${\bf INTEGRAL\ TECHNOLOGIES, INC.}$

(A Development Stage Company) Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements Years Ended June 30, 2008, 2007 and 2006 (US Dollars)

4. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

- (e) Promissory notes receivable at June 30, 2008 includes:
 - (i) \$17,500 (2007 \$17,500) due on exercise of 210,000 stock options, interest at 10% per annum, due November 1, 2002, subsequently extended to June 30, 2003; and
 - (ii) \$12,237 (2007 \$12,237) due on exercise of 23,000 stock options, interest at 10% per annum, due June 30, 2003.

As at June 30, 2008, \$2,763 of these notes had been collected. Shares issued on exercise of options are restricted for trading. The restrictions will not be removed until the respective notes are paid to the Company.

- (f) Subscriptions received
 - (i) During the year ended June 30, 2008, a total of \$230,000 was received for subscriptions of 333,333 units consisting of common stock at \$0.69 per share and warrants at \$0.001 per share of common stock underlying the warrant to purchase 333,333 shares of common stock on or before two years after the closing date at an exercise price of \$0.75 per share (exercise of the investment warrant may be required in the event that the market price for the common stock exceeds \$1.25 per share). To date, these shares have not yet been issued.
 - (ii) During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company had an obligation to issue 50,000 shares of common stock as consideration for consulting services. These shares have been recorded at a value of \$46,500 representing the market value of the shares at the date the shares were to have been issued. To date, these shares have not yet been issued.

The Company has an obligation during the year ended June 30, 2009 to issue a further 50,000 shares of common stock as consideration for consulting services.

5. SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	Years Ended June 30,					Period from February 12, 1996 (Inception) Through June 30,		
	2008			2007		2006		2008
Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Transactions Shares Issued for		_						
Redemption of preferred shares	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	415,000
Property and equipment	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	23,000
Proprietary agreement	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	711,000
Settlement of accounts payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	228,742
Services (provided by officers and directors)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	120,000
Settlement of lawsuit	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	15,000
Services	\$	0	\$	105,000	\$	191,510	\$	801,784
Acquisition of subsidiary	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	894,200
Supplemental Cash Flow Information								
Interest paid	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	81,111
Income tax paid	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) Accounts payable at June 30, 2008 includes \$3,685 (2007 \$7,730) due to two directors and officers of the Company.
- (b) The Company recorded an expense of \$420,000 (2007 \$505,000; 2006 \$360,000) for salaries paid to two directors and officers of the Company.
- (c) Promissory notes receivable at June 30, 2008 includes \$29,737 (2007 \$29,737) for advances made by the Company to an officer of the Company.

7. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of the following at June 30:

	200	08 200	07	2006
Current expense	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0
Deferred benefit	(66	9,000) (2,99	94,000)	0
Increase in valuation allowance	66	9,000 2,99	4,000	0
Total provision for income tax	\$	0 \$	0 \$	0

The total provision differs from the amount computed by applying federal statutory rates to loss before income taxes due to the following at June 30:

		2008	2007	2006
Durantian for income toy at the statutory rate of 240/	¢	(660,000)	\$(2,024,000) \$	(715,000)
Provision for income tax at the statutory rate of 34%	Ф	(000,000)	\$(2,024,000) \$	(713,000)
Increase (decrease) in taxes due to				
Change in valuation allowance		669,000	2,994,000	0
Disallowed expense		1,000	1,000	1,000
True-up of deferred tax assets		(10,000)	(971,000)	714,000
Total provision for income tax	\$	0	\$ 0 \$	0

The Company has used a federal statutory rate of 34%. All of the Company's operations are in Washington state, which has no corporation income tax, therefore, no provision for state income tax is required.

7. **INCOME TAXES** (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities reflect the tax effects of the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. The Company has net deferred income tax assets, which have been reduced to zero through a valuation allowance because of uncertainties relating to utilization of future tax benefits. The components of the net deferred income tax assets, calculated at an effective rate of 34%, are as follows at June 30:

	200	2008		2007 2000		2006
Deferred income tax assets						
Current deferred tax assets						
Legal dispute reserve	\$ 18	2,000	\$ 182	2,000	\$	0
Accrued liabilities	1	4,000	7	,000		5,000
Total current deferred tax assets	19	6,000	189	,000		5,000
Non-current deferred tax assets						
Net operating loss carry-forwards	7,03	4,000	6,454	,000	5,	,738,000
Non-qualified stock options	1,75	4,000	1,670	,000		0
Capital loss carry-forwards	42	5,000	425	,000		0
Investment reserve	24	7,000	247	,000		254,000
Basis difference of fixed assets		2,000	4	,000		0
Valuation allowance	(9,65	8,000)	(8,989	,000)	(5,	,994,000
Total non-current deferred tax assets	(19	6,000)	(189	,000)		(2,000)
Non-current deferred tax liabilities Basis difference of fixed assets		0		0		3,000
Total non-current deferred tax liabilities		0		0		(3,000)
Net deferred tax asset (liability)	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

7. **INCOME TAXES** (Continued)

For tax purposes, the Company has unused net operating losses available for carry-forward to future tax years. At June 30, 2008, the amounts and expiration dates of the Company's net operating loss carry-forwards are as follows.

Year Ended	Expiry	Amount
June 30, 1996	June 30, 2011	\$ 346,000
June 30, 1997	June 30, 2012	1,405,000
June 30, 1998	June 30, 2018	999,000
June 30, 1999	June 30, 2019	1,361,000
June 30, 2000	June 30, 2020	1,091,000
June 30, 2001	June 30, 2021	2,002,000
June 30, 2002	June 30, 2022	2,526,000
June 30, 2003	June 30, 2023	1,364,000
June 30, 2004	June 30, 2024	2,162,000
June 30, 2005	June 30, 2025	2,208,000
June 30, 2006	June 30, 2026	2,373,000
June 30, 2007	June 30, 2027	1,177,000
June 30, 2008	June 30, 2028	1,676,000
Total		\$20,690,000

Current federal tax laws include substantial restrictions on the utilization of net operating losses and tax credits in the event of an ownership change of a corporation. Accordingly, the Company's ability to utilize net operating loss and tax credit carry-forwards may be limited as a result of such ownership changes. Such a limitation could result in the expiration of carry-forwards before they are utilized.

For tax purposes, the Company has unused capital losses available for carry-forward to future tax years. At June 30, 2008, the amounts and expiration dates of the Company's capital loss carry-forwards are as follows.

Year Ended	Expiry	Amount
June 30, 2005	June 30, 2010	\$ 1,250,000

In July 2006, the FASB released the Final Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48). FIN 48 prescribes the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 also requires additional disclosure of the beginning and ending unrecognized tax benefits and details regarding the uncertainties that may cause the unrecognized benefits to increase or decrease within a twelve-month period.

(US Dollars)

7. **INCOME TAXES** (Continued)

The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on July 1, 2007. There was no impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows as a result of adoption. The Company has no unrecognized tax benefit as of June 30, 2008, including no accrued amounts for interest and penalties.

The Company's policy will be to recognize interest and penalties related to income taxes as a component of income tax expense. The Company is subject to income tax examinations for US incomes taxes from the year ended June 30, 1996 forward. The Company does not anticipate that total unrecognized tax benefits will significantly change prior to June 30, 2009.

8. LOSS PER SHARE

	Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount
2008			
Loss for the year	\$(1,938,216)		
Preferred stock dividends	(15,427)		
Loss attributable to common shareholders	\$(1,953,643)	45,617,756	\$ (0.04)
2007			
Loss for the year	\$(5,985,850)		
Preferred stock dividends	(15,427)		
Loss attributable to common shareholders	\$(6,001,277)	45,230,171	\$ (0.13)
2006			
Loss for the year	\$(2,104,189)		
Preferred stock dividends	(15,427)		
Loss attributable to common shareholders	\$(2,119,616)	42,814,988	\$ (0.05)

Common share equivalents consisting of 3,626,251 (2007 - 3,626,251) stock options and 400,269 (2007 - 590,269) share purchase warrants are not considered in the computation of diluted loss per share because their effect would be anti-dilutive.

PART III

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Our Company has a Board of Directors which is currently comprised of two members. Each director holds office until the next annual meeting of shareholders or until a successor is elected or appointed. The members of the Board and the executive officers of our Company and their respective age and position are as follows:

			Director of
Name	Age	Position with Company	Company Since
William S. Robinson	51	Director, Chairman, CEO and Treasurer	February 1996
			•
William A. Ince	57	Director, President, Secretary and Chief Financial Officer	February 1996

William Robinson

(Chairman, CEO and Treasurer)

As a co-founder of our Company (since 1996), Mr. Robinson has been responsible since the inception of Integral for securing funding in order to ensure the ongoing operations of Integral and its subsidiaries. Together with Mr. Ince, he has been responsible for the development and implementation of corporate strategies.

Mr. Robinson brings many years of management experience in finance, banking and corporate development. Previously, he acted as a director of a number of companies involved in natural resources, sales and marketing, and computer technologies.

William A. Ince

(Director, President, Secretary and Chief Financial Officer)

Mr. Ince, a co-founder of our Company (since 1996), is responsible, along with Mr. Robinson, for the development and implementation of corporate strategies. He is also responsible for the accounting and financial systems and record-keeping of Integral and its subsidiaries.

Mr. Ince brings with him a background as a professional accountant and experience from management positions in finance and operations in several private companies. He has consulted to both private and public companies in the areas of marketing and finance, as well as turn-around situations. Mr. Ince has been responsible for "team building" efforts to ensure that each project is brought to fruition on a timely basis.

Non-Executive Officer / Significant Employee

Tom Aisenbrey

Chief Technology Officer

Mr. Aisenbrey has been with our Company since February 2001. Mr. Aisenbrey is an executive program manager with over 28 years of experience in a variety of electronic industries, including design & development of multiple computer oriented products, specializing in wireless products.

Audit Committee and Audit Committee Financial Expert Disclosure

Our Company does not have a separately-designated standing audit committee at this time because it is not required to do so. Accordingly, we do not have an audit committee financial expert.

Code of Ethics

On September 20, 2004, the Board of Directors established a written code of ethics that applies to our senior executive and financial officers. A copy of the code of ethics is incorporated by reference as an exhibit to this annual report. In addition, a copy of the code of ethics is posted on our Company's website at www.itkg.net.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires our Company's officers and directors, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of our Company's equity securities, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Officers, directors, and greater than 10% shareholders are required by SEC regulation to furnish us with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Based solely on our review of copies of such reports received or written representations from certain reporting persons, we believe that, during the year ended June 30, 2007, all Section 16(a) filing requirements applicable to our officers, directors and ten percent shareholders were complied with by such persons.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following information discloses all plan and non-plan compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our executive officers, and other individuals for whom disclosure is required, for all services rendered in all capacities to Integral and our subsidiaries.

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth all compensation, including bonuses, stock option awards and other payments, paid or accrued by Integral and/or its subsidiaries, to or for Integral's principal executive officer and each of the other executive officers (one person) and one non-executive officer, during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

Name and Principal Position	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards	Options Awards (\$) (n1)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$) (n2)	Total (\$)
William S. Robinson Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer, Chairman, Director	2008 2007	\$ 210,000 \$ 202,500	-0- 50,000		\$ -0- \$ -0-	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	\$ 28,282 \$ 26,782	\$ 238,282 \$ 279,282
William A. Ince Chief Financial and Accounting Officer, President, Secretary, Director	2008	\$ 210,000	-0-	-0-	-0-	-()-	-()-	\$ 23,145	\$ 233,145
	2007	\$ 202,500	\$ 50,000	-0-	\$ 177,706	-()-	-()-	\$ 21,645	\$ 451,851
Thomas Aisenbrey Chief Technology Officer (non-executive officer)	2008	\$ 144,000	-0-	-0-	\$ 65,232	-0-	-0-	-0-	\$ 209,232
	2007	\$ 144,000	-0-	-0-	\$2,414,710	-0-	-0-	\$ 29,815	\$2,588,525

⁽n1) Reflects dollar amount expensed by the company during applicable fiscal year for financial statement reporting purposes pursuant to FAS 123R. FAS 123R requires the company to determine the overall value of the options as of the date of grant based upon the Black-Scholes method of valuation, and to then expense that value over the service period over which the options become exercisable (vest). As a general rule, for time-in-service-based options, the company will immediately expense any option or portion thereof which is vested upon grant, while expensing the balance on a pro rata basis over the remaining vesting term of the option. For a description FAS 123R and the assumptions used in determining the value of the options under the Black-Scholes model of valuation, see the notes to the consolidated financial statements included with this report.

On July 1, 2002, Mr. Ince was granted an option to acquire 415,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. In December 2005, the expiration date of these options was extended until December 31, 2007. Then in June 2007, the expiration date of these options was extended until December 31, 2010.

On November 6, 2006, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 1,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time until June 30, 2010. The exercise price per share shall automatically be adjusted down to \$.001 per share in the event of a "triggering event," which is defined as the termination of employment of Mr. Aisenbrey or a change in control of Integral. A change in control of Integral shall be deemed to have occurred if there is any sale, exchange or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of Integral, or if there is any merger or share exchange involving Integral, which has the result of effecting a change in control of the business through a change in management and/or officers and directors of Integral.

Mr. Aisenbrey holds options to acquire an aggregate of 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$0.65 per share that were granted in 2001, and he also holds options to acquire an aggregate of 245,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share that were granted in 2002 and 2003. In August 2007, the expiration dates of these options were extended until August 31, 2008. [Subsequent to year-end, in August 2008, the expiration dates of these options were extended until August 31, 2009.]

(n2) William S. Robinson and William A. Ince each own shares of Series A Preferred Stock. A 5% dividend on the Series A Preferred Stock is payable in cash or shares of common stock at the election of Integral. For the year ended June 30, 2008, \$10,282 was paid or accrued for Mr. Robinson and \$5,145 was paid or accrued for Mr. Ince. For the year ended June 30, 2007, \$10,282 was paid or accrued for Mr. Robinson and \$5,145 was paid or accrued for Mr. Ince.

William S. Robinson and William A. Ince each received an automobile expense allowance of \$18,000 in 2008 and \$16,500 in 2007.

Integral pays for living accommodations in Bellingham, Washington for Thomas Aisenbrey. The total amount paid for these accommodations was \$nil in 2008 and \$29,815 in 2007.

Except as set forth above, no outstanding common stock purchase option or other equity-based award granted to or held by any named executive officer were repriced or otherwise materially modified, including extension of exercise periods, the change of vesting or forfeiture conditions, the change or elimination of applicable performance criteria, or the change of the bases upon which returns are determined, nor was there any waiver or modification of any specified performance target, goal or condition to payout.

Executive Officer Outstanding Equity Awards At Fiscal Year-End

The following table provides certain information concerning any common stock purchase options, stock awards or equity incentive plan awards held by each of our named executive officers that were outstanding as of June 30, 2008.

		Option A	wards Equity Incentive Plan Awards:				Stock	k Awards Equity Incentive Plan Awards:	Equity Incentive Plan Awards:
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options(#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options(#) Unexercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested	Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested	Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested
William S. Robinson	0	0	0	0	n/a	0	0	0	0
William A. Ince (n1)	415,000	0	0	\$ 1.00	12/31/2010	0	0	0	0
Thomas Aisenbrey									
(n2)	1,000,000	0	0	\$ 0.50	6/30/2010	0	0	0	0
	1,000,000	0		\$ 2.25	6/30/2010	0	0	0	0
	125,000	0		\$ 0.65	8/31/2008	0	0	0	0
	75,000	0		\$ 0.65	8/31/2008	0	0	0	0
	45,000	0		\$ 1.00	8/31/2008	0	0	0	0
	200,000	0	0	\$ 1.00	8/31/2008	0	0	0	0

⁽n1) Mr. Ince holds the following options: On July 1, 2002, Mr. Ince was granted an option to acquire 415,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. In June 2007, the expiration date of these options was extended until December 31, 2010.

(n2) Mr. Aisenbrey holds the following options:

- On August 16, 2001, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 125,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.65 per share. In August 2008, the expiration date of these options was extended until August 31, 2009.
- On November 1, 2001, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$.65 per share. In August 2008, the expiration date of these options was extended until August 31, 2009.

- On July 1, 2002, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 45,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. In August 2008, the expiration date of these options was extended until August 31, 2009.
- On January 2, 2003, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 200,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share. In August 2008, the expiration date of these options was extended until August 31, 2009.
- On June 17, 2005, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 1,000,000 share of common stock at an exercise price of \$.50 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time until June 30, 2010.
- On November 6, 2006, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 1,000,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time until June 30, 2010.

With respect to the option granted on June 17, 2005 and the option granted on November 6, 2006, the exercise price per share shall automatically be adjusted down to \$.001 per share in the event of a "triggering event," which is defined as the termination of employment of Mr. Aisenbrey or a change in control of Integral. A change in control of Integral shall be deemed to have occurred if there is any sale, exchange or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of Integral, or if there is any merger or share exchange involving Integral, which has the result of effecting a change in control of the business through a change in management and/or officers and directors of Integral.

Compensation of Directors

No compensation was paid by Integral to its Directors for any service provided as a Director during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. There are no other formal or informal understandings or arrangements relating to compensation; however, Directors may be reimbursed for all reasonable expenses incurred by them in conducting Integral's business. These expenses would include out-of-pocket expenses for such items as travel, telephone, and postage.

Employment Contracts and Termination of Employment and Change-in-Control Arrangements

As of the date of filing of this report, the current executive officers do not have written employment contracts.

Integral's Board of Directors has complete discretion as to the appropriateness of (a) key-man life insurance, (b) obtaining officer and director liability insurance, (c) employment contracts with and compensation of executive officers and directors, (d) indemnification contracts, and (e) incentive plan to award executive officers and key employees.

Integral's Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and determining the annual salary and other compensation of the executive officers and key employees of Integral. The goals of Integral are to align compensation with business objectives and performance and to enable Integral to attract, retain and reward executive officers and other key employees who contribute to the long-term success of Integral. Integral intends to provide base salaries to its executive officers and key employees sufficient to provide motivation to achieve certain operating goals. Although salaries are not specifically tied into performance, incentive bonuses may be available to certain executive officers and key employees. In the future, executive compensation may include without limitation cash bonuses, stock option grants and stock reward grants.

Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plans

As of June 30, 2008, Integral had two Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plans in effect.

On January 2, 2001, Integral adopted an employee benefit and consulting services compensation plan entitled the Integral Technologies, Inc. 2001 Stock Plan (the "2001 Plan"), which was amended on December 17, 2001. As amended, the 2001 Plan covers up to 3,500,000 shares of common stock. The 2001 Plan has not previously been approved by security holders.

On April 4, 2003, Integral adopted an employee benefit and consulting services compensation plan entitled the Integral Technologies, Inc. 2003 Stock Plan (the "2003 Plan"). The 2003 Plan covers up to 1,500,000 shares of common stock. The 2003 Plan has not previously been approved by security holders.

Under both Plans, Integral may issue common stock and/or options to purchase common stock to certain officers, directors and employees and consultants of Integral and its subsidiaries. The purpose of the Plans is to promote the best interests of Integral and its shareholders by providing a means of non-cash remuneration to eligible participants who contribute to operating progress and earning power of Integral. The Plans are administered by Integral's Board of Directors or a committee thereof which has the discretion to determine from time to time the eligible participants to receive an award; the number of shares of stock issuable directly or to be granted pursuant to option; the price at which the option may be exercised or the price per share in cash or cancellation of fees or other payment which Integral or its subsidiaries is liable if a direct issue of stock and all other terms on which each option shall be granted.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Common Stock

The following table sets forth, as of September 14, 2008 the stock ownership of each person known by Integral to be the beneficial owner of five percent or more of Integral's common stock, each director and executive officer individually and all directors and executive officers of Integral as a group. Each person is believed to have sole voting and investment power over the shares except as noted.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner (n1)	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership(n1)(n2)	Percent of Class (n3)
Executive Officers and Directors:		
William S. Robinson (n4) #3 1070 West Pender St. Vancouver, B.C. V6E 2N7	2,323,533	4.8%
William A. Ince (n5) 805 W. Orchard Dr., Suite #7 Bellingham, WA 98225	2,118,833	4.3%
Thomas Aisenbrey (n6) 805 W. Orchard Dr., Suite #7 Bellingham, WA 98225	2,670,000	5.5%
All executive officers and directors as a group (n6)	7,112,366	14.6%
5% Beneficial Owners:		
Wellington Management Company, LLP (n7) 75 State Street, Boston, MA 02109	3,044,900	6.2%

- (n1) Unless otherwise indicated, all shares are directly beneficially owned and investing power is held by the persons named.
- (n2) Includes vested options beneficially owned but not yet exercised and outstanding, if any. The table does not include the effects of conversion by Mr. Robinson and Mr. Ince of their shares of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A"), which are convertible into shares of common stock at a conversion rate that varies with the market price of the common stock at the time of conversion. The conversion rate is determined by dividing the number of shares of Series A being converted by the average of the high and low bid prices of Integral's common stock reported by the OTC Bulletin Board over the ten trading days preceding the date of conversion. Mr. Robinson owns 204,975 shares of Series A and Mr. Ince owns 103,563 shares of Series A. As of September 15, 2008, the conversion rate was \$0.73 per share, so Mr. Robinson's 204,975 shares of Series A were convertible into 280,787 shares of common stock, and Mr. Ince's 103,563 shares of Series A were convertible into 141,867 shares of common stock. The actual number of shares of common stock receivable by Messrs. Robinson and Ince upon conversion of the Series A would depend on the actual conversion rate in effect at the time of conversion.
- (n3) Based upon 45,754,969 shares issued and outstanding, plus the amount of shares each person or group has the right to acquire within 60 days pursuant to options, warrants, conversion privileges or other rights.

- (n4) Mr. Robinson is an executive officer and director of Integral and each of its subsidiaries. Beneficial ownership figure includes an aggregate of 150,000 shares held in the names of his spouse and his two minor children.
- (n5) Mr. Ince is an executive officer and director of Integral and each of its subsidiaries. Beneficial ownership figure includes 415,000 shares underlying options.
- (n6) Mr. Aisenbrey is a non-executive officer of Integral, but is included in the table for informational purposes. Beneficial ownership figure includes 2,445,000 shares underlying options.
- (n7) Wellington Management Company, LLP, has included the following information in its Schedule 13G Amendment No. 7 filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (as of December 31, 2007): (a) Wellington, in its capacity as investment adviser, may be deemed to beneficially own 3,044,900 shares of the Company which are held of record by clients of Wellington; (b) those clients have the right to receive, or the power to direct the receipt of, dividends from, or the proceeds from the sale of, such securities; and (c) no such client is known to have such right or power with respect to more than five percent of this class of securities.

Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

The following table sets forth, as of September 14, 2008, the stock ownership of each person known by Integral to be the beneficial owner of five percent or more of Integral's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, each Officer and Director individually and all Directors and Officers of Integral as a group. Each person is believed to have sole voting and investment power over the shares except as noted.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owner (n1)	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership(n1)	Percent of Class (n2)
William S. Robinson (n3) #3 1070 West Pender St. Vancouver, B.C. V6E 2N7	204,975	66.4%
William A. Ince (n4) 805 W. Orchard Dr., Suite #3 Bellingham, WA 98225	103,563	33.6%
All officers and directors of Integral as a group (2 persons)	308,538	100%

- (n1) Unless otherwise indicated, all shares are directly beneficially owned and investing power is held by the persons named.
- (n2) Based upon 308,538 Series A Convertible Preferred shares issued and outstanding.
- (n3) Mr. Robinson is an executive officer and director of Integral and each of its subsidiaries.
- (n4) Mr. Ince is an executive officer and director of Integral and each of its subsidiaries.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following information concerning the Company's equity compensation plans is as of the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008:

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of options, warrants and rights	Number of securities available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Plan category	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	N/A	N/A	N/A
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	3,720,000	\$1.13	1,044,500
Total	3,720,000	\$1.13	1,044,500

As of June 30, 2008, Integral had two Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plans in effect.

On January 2, 2001, Integral adopted an employee benefit and consulting services compensation plan entitled the Integral Technologies, Inc. 2001 Stock Plan (the "2001 Plan"), which was amended on December 17, 2001. As amended, the 2001 Plan covers up to 3,500,000 shares of common stock. The 2001 Plan has not previously been approved by security holders.

On April 4, 2003, Integral adopted an employee benefit and consulting services compensation plan entitled the Integral Technologies, Inc. 2003 Stock Plan (the "2003 Plan"). The 2003 Plan covers up to 1,500,000 shares of common stock. The 2003 Plan has not previously been approved by security holders.

Under both Plans, Integral may issue common stock and/or options to purchase common stock to certain officers, directors and employees and consultants of Integral and its subsidiaries. The purpose of the Plans is to promote the best interests of Integral and its shareholders by providing a means of non-cash remuneration to eligible participants who contribute to operating progress and earning power of Integral. The Plans are administered by Integral's Board of Directors or a committee thereof which has the discretion to determine from time to time the eligible participants to receive an award; the number of shares of stock issuable directly or to be granted pursuant to option; the price at which the option may be exercised or the price per share in cash or cancellation of fees or other payment which Integral or its subsidiaries is liable if a direct issue of stock and all other terms on which each option shall be granted.

In addition, included in the chart are two grant of options that were outside of the 2001 Plan and the 2003 Plan, made to Thomas Aisenbrey, Integral's Chief Technology Officer:

- On June 17, 2005, Integral provided a Grant of Option to Thomas Aisenbrey. Pursuant to the Grant of Option, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 1,000,000 share of common stock at an exercise price of \$.50 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time until June 30, 2010.
- On November 6, 2006, Integral provided a Grant of Option to Thomas Aisenbrey. Pursuant to the Grant of Option, Mr. Aisenbrey was granted an option to acquire 1,000,000 share of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time until June 30, 2010.

With respect to each option granted to Mr. Aisenbrey, the exercise price per share shall automatically be adjusted down to \$.001 per share in the event of a "triggering event," which is defined as the termination of employment of Mr. Aisenbrey or a change in control of Integral. A change in control of Integral shall be deemed to have occurred if there is any sale, exchange or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of Integral, or if there is any merger or share exchange involving Integral, which has the result of effecting a change in control of the business through a change in management and/or officers and directors of Integral. The option and the underlying shares of common stock are subject to restrictions on transfer, as required by applicable federal and state securities laws.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Since the beginning of the last fiscal year, we entered into the following transactions in which our officers and directors have a material interest:

- (a) William S. Robinson and William A. Ince each own shares of Series A Preferred Stock. A 5% dividend on the Series A Preferred Stock is payable in cash or shares of common stock at the election of Integral. For the year ended June 30, 2008, \$10,282 was paid or accrued for Mr. Robinson and \$5,145 was paid or accrued for Mr. Ince.
- (b) On November 6, 2006, we provided a Grant of Option to Thomas Aisenbrey, our General Manager, Vice President of Product Development and Chief Technology Officer. Pursuant to the Grant of Option, which was not under either of our formal Employee Benefit and Consulting Services Compensation Plans, Mr. Aisebrey was granted an option to acquire 1,000,000 share of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.25 per share, exercisable in whole or in part at any time until June 30, 2010. The exercise price per share shall automatically be adjusted down to \$.001 per share in the event of a "triggering event," which is defined as the termination of employment of Mr. Aisenbrey or a change in control of Integral. A change in control of Integral shall be deemed to have occurred if there is any sale, exchange or transfer of all or substantially all of the assets of Integral, or if there is any merger or share exchange involving Integral, which has the result of effecting a change in control of the business through a change in management and/or officers and directors of Integral. The option and the underlying shares of common stock are subject to restrictions on transfer, as required by applicable federal and state securities laws.

DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Our Board of Directors is comprised of two members, William S. Robinson and William A. Ince, both of whom are also executive officers. We do not have any independent directors.

EXHIBITS

Exhibit No.	<u>Description</u>
3.03	Articles of Incorporation, as amended and currently in effect. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.03 of Integral's quarterly report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended March 31, 2006.)
3.04	Bylaws, as amended and restated on December 31, 1997. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.04 of Integral's quarterly report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended March 31, 2006.)
10.12	Integral Technologies, Inc. 2001 Stock Plan dated January 2, 2001, as amended December 17, 2001. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.12 of Integral's registration statement on Form S-8 (file no. 333-76058).)
10.15	Integral Technologies, Inc. 2003 Stock Plan dated April 4, 2003 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 of Integral's registration statement on Form S-8 (file no. 333-104522).)
10.18	Grant of Option dated June 17, 2005 between Integral and Thomas Aisenbrey. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 of Integral's Current Report Form 8-K dated June 17, 2005 (filed June 23, 2005).)
10.19	Agreement between the Company and The QuanStar Group, LLC dated June 20, 2005. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 of Integral's Current Report Form 8-K dated June 17,2005 (filed June 23, 2005).)
10.20	Patent License Agreement between the Company and Heatron, Inc. dated March 17, 2006. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.20 of Integral's Current Report Form 8-K dated March 17, 2006 (filed April 11, 2006).)
10.21	Patent License Agreement between the Company and Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. dated August 25, 2006. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.21 of Integral's Current Report Form 8-K dated August 25, 2006 (filed September 19, 2006).)
10.22	Grant of Option dated November 6, 2006 between Integral and Thomas Aisenbrey. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.22 of Integral's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended September 30, 2006.)
10.23	Manufacturing Agreement between Integral and Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. dated November 22, 2006. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.23 of Integral's Current Report on Form 8-K dated November 27, 2006 (filed December 4, 2006).)
10.24	Patent License Agreement between Integral and ADAC Plastics, Inc. d/b/a ADAC Automotive, dated November 28, 2006. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.24 of Integral's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 18, 2006 (filed December 20, 2006).)
10.25	Patent License Agreement between Integral and Esprit Solutions Limited, dated December 18, 2006. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.25 of Integral's Current Report on Form 8-K dated January 9, 2007 (filed January 19, 2007).)
10.26	Patent License Agreement between Integral and Knowles Electronics, LLC, dated January 18, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 of Integral's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended December 31, 2006.)

10.27	Agreement between Integral and Visionary Innovations, Inc., dated February 16, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.27 of Integral's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the period ended March 31, 2007.)
10.28	Amendment One to Manufacturing Agreement between Integral and Jasper Rubber Products, Inc. dated July 19, 2007. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.28 of Integral's Current Report on Form 8-K dated July 19, 2007 (filed July 30, 2007).)
14.1	Code of Ethics adopted September 20, 2004. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.1 of Integral's annual report on Form 10-KSB for the period ended June 30, 2004.)
21.4	List of Subsidiaries. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 21.4 of Integral's annual report on Form 10-KSB for the period ended June 30, 2004.)
31.1	Section 302 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer. (Filed herewith).
31.2	Section 302 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer. (Filed herewith).
32.1	Section 906 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer. (Filed herewith).
32.2	Section 906 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer. (Filed herewith).

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Our Company's board of directors reviews and approves audit and permissible non-audit services performed by Pannell Kerr Forster, Vancouver, Canada ("PKF"), as well as the fees charged by PKF for such services. In its review of non-audit service fees and its appointment of PKF as our Company's independent accountants, the board of directors considered whether the provision of such services is compatible with maintaining PKF's independence. All of the services provided and fees charged by PKF in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007 were preapproved by the board of directors.

Audit Fees

The aggregate fees billed for professional services rendered by PKF for the audit of our annual financial statements and the reviews of the financial statements included in our quarterly reports on Form 10-QSB for fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 were \$47,530 and \$35,250, respectively.

Audit-Related Fees

There were no other fees billed by PKF during the last two fiscal years for assurance and related services that were reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our Company's financial statements and not reported under "Audit Fees" above.

Tax Fees

The were no fees billed for professional services rendered by PKF for tax compliance services in fiscal years ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

All Other Fees

There were no other fees billed by PKF during the last two fiscal years for products and services provided by PKF.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INTEGRAL TECHNOLOGIES, INC

Dated: September 29, 2008 /s/ William S. Robinson

William S. Robinson, Chief Executive Officer

/s/ William A. Ince William A. Ince, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting

Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ William S. Robinson William S. Robinson	Director	September 29, 2008
/s/ William A. Ince William A. Ince	Director	September 29, 2008
	30	

EXHIBIT INDEX

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- 31.1 Section 302 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer. (Filed herewith).
- 31.2 Section 302 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer. (Filed herewith).
- 32.1 Section 906 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer. (Filed herewith).
- 32.2 Section 906 Certification by the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer. (Filed herewith).

Exhibit 31.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, William S. Robinson, Chief Executive Officer of Integral Technologies, Inc., certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB for the period ended June 30, 2008 of Integral Technologies, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

September 29, 2008

/s/ William S. Robinson
William S. Robinson, Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, William A. Ince, Chief Financial Officer of Integral Technologies, Inc., certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-KSB for the period ended June 30, 2008 of Integral Technologies, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

September 29, 2008	
/s/ William A. Ince	
William A. Ince. Chief Financial Officer	

Exhibit 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Integral Technologies, Inc. (the ":Company") on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William S. Robinson, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

September 29, 2008

/s/ William S. Robinson

William S. Robinson, Chief Executive Officer

Exhibit 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. ss.1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Integral Technologies, Inc. (the ":Company") on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William A. Ince, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ William A. Ince
William A. Ince, Chief Financial Officer

September 29, 2008